





PROGRAMME OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI Kingsfordweg 151 1043GR

Amsterdam

COMPANY INFORMATION



Dyckerhoff GmbH – Werk Lengerich Lienener Straße 89 49525 Lengerich

www.dyckerhoff.com



Cement: CEM I 52.5 R

MRPI-REGISTRATION 1.1.00033.2019

EPD-REGISTRATION
00000809

DATE OF ISSUE 1/21/2019

DATE OF EXPIRY 1/21/2024

DECLARED UNIT /FUNCTIONAL UNIT

The production of 1 metric ton of cement



SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI-EPD+ certificate is verified by **Ecochain**

The LCA study has been done by SGS INTRON

The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025 and NEN-EN15804+A1. It is verified according to the 'EPD-MRPI verification protocol May 2017'. EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with NEN-EN15804+A1. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.



VISUAL PRODUCT





DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

Portland cement: CEM I 52.5 R

MORE INFORMATION

www.dyckerhoff.com

DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION

CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR[a]

Independent verification of the declaration and data,

according to EN ISO 14025:2010:

internal:

external: X

(where appropriate[b]) Third party verifier:

Niels Jonkers, Ecochain

[a] Product Category Rules [b] Optional for B-to-B communication, mandatory for B-to-C communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4).







Cement is produced by intergrinding Portland cement clinker and other constituents. The main constituents of this cement are mentioned in the table below. In this EPD only the production of bulk products is considered. Packaging materials are not included.

COMPONENT (*)	[%]
Portland cement clinker	95
Blast furnace slag	-
Minor additional constituents	0-5

(*) > 1% of total weight

SCOPE AND TYPE

The cement in this EPD is produced at the production location of Dyckerhoff in Lengerich.

Cement is a hydraulic binder, mainly used for concrete, mortar and cement screed. Since cement is a semi-finished product, only the production of the cement is included in the LCA.

The LCA is compiled using the "Bepalingsmethode milieuprestaties gebouwen en GWW werken v2.0" as PCR, Ecoinvent v3.4 for background processes, SimaPro 8.5 LCA software. The main impact categories have been calculated with the characterization factors in "SBK Bepalingsmethode version May 25th 2018"

PRODUCT STAGE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE							US	SE ST	ΓAGE			EN	ID OF			BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES			
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport gate to site	Assembly	es N	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbi	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	23 Waste processing	Disposal	Recovery- Recycling- potential			
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
Х	Х	Х	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA			

X = Module assessed

MNA = Module Not Assessed

REPRESENTATIVENESS (IF AVERAGE)

Not applicable, in this study a specific product is considered produced at a specific production site.







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ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	ВЗ	B4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
ADPE	kg	4.72	9.26	4.03	9.68	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
ADPE	Sb-eq.	E -5	E -6	E -5	E -5	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	1111/	""	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA
ADPF	MJ	7.30	4.95	2.45	2.58	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
ADIT	IVIO	E +1	E +1	E +3	E +3	ПУА	шид	ш	шил	шил	шил	ш		114/-1		111/7	114/3	IINA	IINA
GWP	kg	4.53	3.26	8.40	8.48	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
GWI	CO2-eq.	E +0	E +0	E +2	E +2	ПУА	шил	ш	шил	шил	11171	IINA	IINA	IINA	ПУЛ	11 1/1	П	ПУЛ	IIVA
ODP	kg	2.26	6.01	5.99	6.82	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
ODI	CFC11-eq.	E -7	E -7	E -6	E -6	П	ш	ш	ш	ш						IIVA	П	IINA	IINA
POCP	kg	2.77	1.93	6.63	7.10	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
1 001	Ethene-eq.	E -3	E -3	E -2	E -2	IIVA		IIV	IIVA	IIVA					IIVA	IIVA	IIV		
AP	kg	1.93	1.43	1.37	1.41	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	IINA	A INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Ai	SO2-eq.	E -2	E -2	E +0	E +0				,	ш	ш	ш							
EP	kg	3.20	2.84	3.61	3.67	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	A INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
L	(PO4)3eq	E -3	E -3	E -1	E -1	IIVA			IINA	IIVA	IINA	IINA							
Toxicit	y indicator	s (only f	or Dutch	market)														
НТР	kg	3.61	1.31	2.04	2.53	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
1111	DCB-eq.	E +0	E +0	E +1	E +1	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IINA	IIVA	INA	IIVA	IINA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA
FAETP	kg	1.92	3.83	7.30	9.61	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
IALII	DCB-eq.	E -1	E -2	E -1	E -1	IINA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	A INA	IINA	IINA	IIVA	IINA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA
MAETP	kg	2.11	1.38	2.63	2.98	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
IVIAL II	DCB-eq.	E +2	E +2	E +3	E +3	111/	IIVA	111/	11.1/	11.1/	IINA	A I INA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	
ТЕТР	kg	1.75	4.63	4.80	5.02	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
1616	DCB-eq.	E -2	E -3	E -1	E -1	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA				IINA	IINA

INA = Indicator Not Assessed

ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

GWP = Global warming potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants;

 ${\sf EP} = {\sf Eutrophication\ potential}.$

FAETP = Fresh water aquatic ecotoxicity potential;

TETP = Terrestrial ecotoxicity potential.

ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer;

AP = Acidification potential of land and water;

HTP = Human toxicity potential;

MAETP = Marine aquatic ecotoxicity potential;

OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	ВЗ	B4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	2.70 E -4	3.71 E -4	1.35 E -2	1.41 E -2	INA													
NHWD	kg	6.66 E -1	3.08 E +0	6.06 E +0	9.80 E +0	INA													
RWD	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
CRU	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
MFR	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
MER	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
EEE	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
ETE	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA

INA = Indicator Not Assessed

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed;

MFR = Materials for recycling;

EEE = Exported electrical energy;

NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed;

CRU = Components for re-use;

MER = Materials for energy recovery;

ETE = Exported thermal energy.









RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	В1	B2	ВЗ	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	5.18	6.88	1.83	1.89	INIA	INA	INA	INIA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
PERE	IVIJ	E +0	E -1	E +2	E +2	INA	IINA	IINA	INA	IINA	IINA	IINA				IINA	IINA		IINA
PERM	MJ	1.52	2.48	5.68	5.86	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
FLIXIVI		E +0	E -1	E +1	E +1	IIVA	IIVA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA			
PERT	MJ	5.21	6.94	1.84	1.89	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INIA	INA	INA	INA	INIA
PERI	IVIJ	E +0	E -1	E +2	E +2	IINA	IINA	IINA			IINA	INA	IINA	IINA	INA	IINA	IINA	IINA	INA
PENRE	MJ	9.00	5.37	3.24	3.39	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
		E +1	E +1	E +3	E +3				IIIVA	"''^	"\^								
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
FLINIXIVI		E +0	E +0	E +0	E +0			IINA	11.4/	111/7									
PENRT	MJ	8.78	5.05	3.24	3.38	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
FLINKI	IVIJ	E +1	E +1	E +3	E +3	IIVA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA
SM	ka	6.30	0.00	0.00	6.30	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INIA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Sivi	kg	E +1	E +0	E +0	E +1	IINA	IIVA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA			INA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	5.41	5.41	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
KSI	IVIJ	E +0	E +0	E +2	E +2	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IINA	IINA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	IIVA	
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	1.48	1.48	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INIA	INA							
INIXOF	IVIJ	E +0	E +0	E +3	E +3	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	INA	INA			IINA	IINA	IINA		
FW	m3	2.73	9.65	1.31	1.34	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
I VV	1113	E -2	E -3	E +0	E +0	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA	IINA

INA = Indicator Not Assessed

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non renewable primary energy resources used as materials;

PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources;

SM = Use of secondary materials;

RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels;

FW = Use of net fresh water.



CALCULATION RULES

Virtually no materials or processes have been excluded from the study (cut-of rule is well below 1%).

Data collected in 2018 from base year 2013.

The "production" of secondary fuels and materials is allocated to the previous life cycle. Only transportation to the production site of Dyckerhoff is allocated to the production of cement. The emissions from the combustion of secondary fuels in the clinker kiln is allocated to cement production. Biogenic CO2 emissions are not included.

Infrastructure processes in Ecoinvent processes have been included, long term emissions in Ecoinventprocesses have been excluded from the LCA calculations.









Natural raw materials (mainly limestone) is quarried, crushed and ground into raw meal. The raw meal is fed into the clinker kiln together with primary and secondary raw materials and fuels. In the kiln the raw materials are calcinated and sintered into Portland cement clinker.

The second step is the production of cement. Portland cement is produced by intergrinding Portland cement clinker, limestone and gypsum (setting time regulator), both natural- and flue gas desulfurization (FGD) gypsum are used. Also, a small amount of production dust from the clinker production process is added, and low amounts of additives (chromate reduction agent and grinding aid). Blast furnace slag cements are produced in a similar way. Blast furnace slag is dried and intergrinded with Portland cement clinker and the other constituents.

DECLARATION OF SVHC

No substances that are listed in the latest "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation" are included in the product that exceeds the limit for registration.

REFERENCES

Stichting Bouwkwaliteit, Bepalingsmethode Milieuprestatie Gebouwen en GWW Werken.

B. Roijen, "MRPI-EPDs FOR DYCKERHOFF CEMENT GERMANY, Lengerich, Neuwied, Deuna & Neuss", SGS INTRON report: A897280/R20180402, 01-09-2019

REMARKS

Regarding the Dutch National Environmental Database one impact category and the milieukostenindicator (MKI) is added:

- The abiotic depletion potential (non fuel), expressed in kg Sb. eq. of the production of 1 ton of this cement (A1-3) is: 1.88E+00.
- The value of the milieukostenindicator (MKI) of the production of 1 ton of this cement (A1-3) is: € 54.39, -.

