

**Environmental  
Product  
Declaration**

According to ISO14025+EN15804 A2 (+indicators A1)

This declaration is for:  
**Eco2cem [Conform NL-PCR Cement]**

Provided by:  
**Ecocem Benelux B.V.**



MRPI® registration:  
**1.1.01039.2025**

Program operator:  
**Stichting MRPI®**  
Publisher:  
**Stichting MRPI®**  
[www.mrpi.nl](http://www.mrpi.nl)

Date of first issue:  
**16-12-2025**  
Date of this issue:  
**16-12-2025**  
Expiry date:  
**16-12-2030**

**COMPANY INFORMATION**

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**MRPI® REGISTRATION**

1.1.01039.2025

**DATE OF THIS ISSUE**

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**SCOPE OF DECLARATION**

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by Lex Roes , EcoChain. The LCA study has been done by Martijn Blaak & Bjorn Uijen , EcoReview NL B.V.. The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025+EN15804 A2 (+indicators A1). It is verified according to the 'Verification protocol for MRPI LCA project report & EPD 21th of May 2025, V. 5.2'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN15804+A2. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate list of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.

**PROGRAM OPERATOR**

Stichting MRPI®  
 Kingsfordweg 151  
 1043 GR  
 Amsterdam

**PRODUCT**

Eco2cem [Conform NL-PCR Cement]

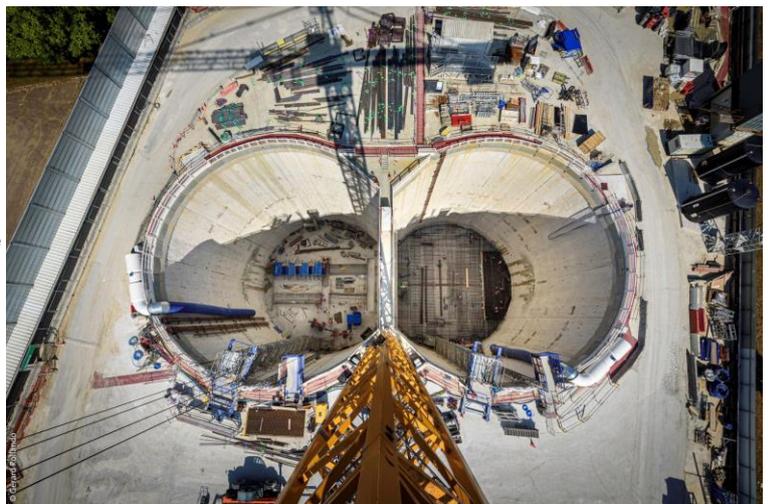
**DECLARED UNIT / FUNCTIONAL UNIT**

1 Mass (t)

**DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT**

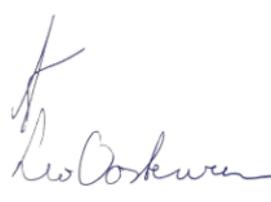
Eco2cem, mainly consisting of ground granulated blastfurnace slag (GGBS), is a latent hydraulic material and is normally used in combination with an activator (such as Portland cement).

**VISUAL PRODUCT**



**MORE INFORMATION**

<https://www.ecocemglobal.com/nl/producten-en-projecten/eco2cem-ggbs/>

<p>Ing. L. L. Oosterveen MSc. MBA                  Managing Director MRPI</p>	<p><b>DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION</b></p>
	<p>CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR [1]</p>
	<p>Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO14025+EN15804 A2 (+indicators A1)                  Internal: External: X</p>
	<p>Third party verifier: Lex Roes , EcoChain</p> 
<p>[1] PCR = Product Category Rules</p>	

## DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Eco2cem is mostly used as cementitious binder in concrete. It has a very low environmental impact, and is used to minimize the embodied CO2 and embodied energy of cementitious and concrete products. Because its chemistry is different to Portland cement, it imparts additional durability benefits to concrete, such as improved resistance to sulphate attack, acid attack, and chloride migration. It also gives concrete higher long-term strength than that made with ordinary Portland cement. And because of its whitish colour, it gives concrete a lighter, clearer appearance and less efflorescence.

Eco2cem is produced in the Netherlands and several other European countries and is available on the European market.

Component (> 1%)	(%)
Ground Blastfurnace Slag	100

## SCOPE AND TYPE

The type of this EPD is Cradle-to-Gate (A1-A3). Module C1 to C4 and module D are not declared because the materials are no longer identifiable at end of life as a result of the physical or chemical transformation process in the concrete products. All major steps from the extraction of natural resources to the factory gate are included in the environmental performance of the manufacturing phase, except those that are not relevant to the environmental performance of the product.

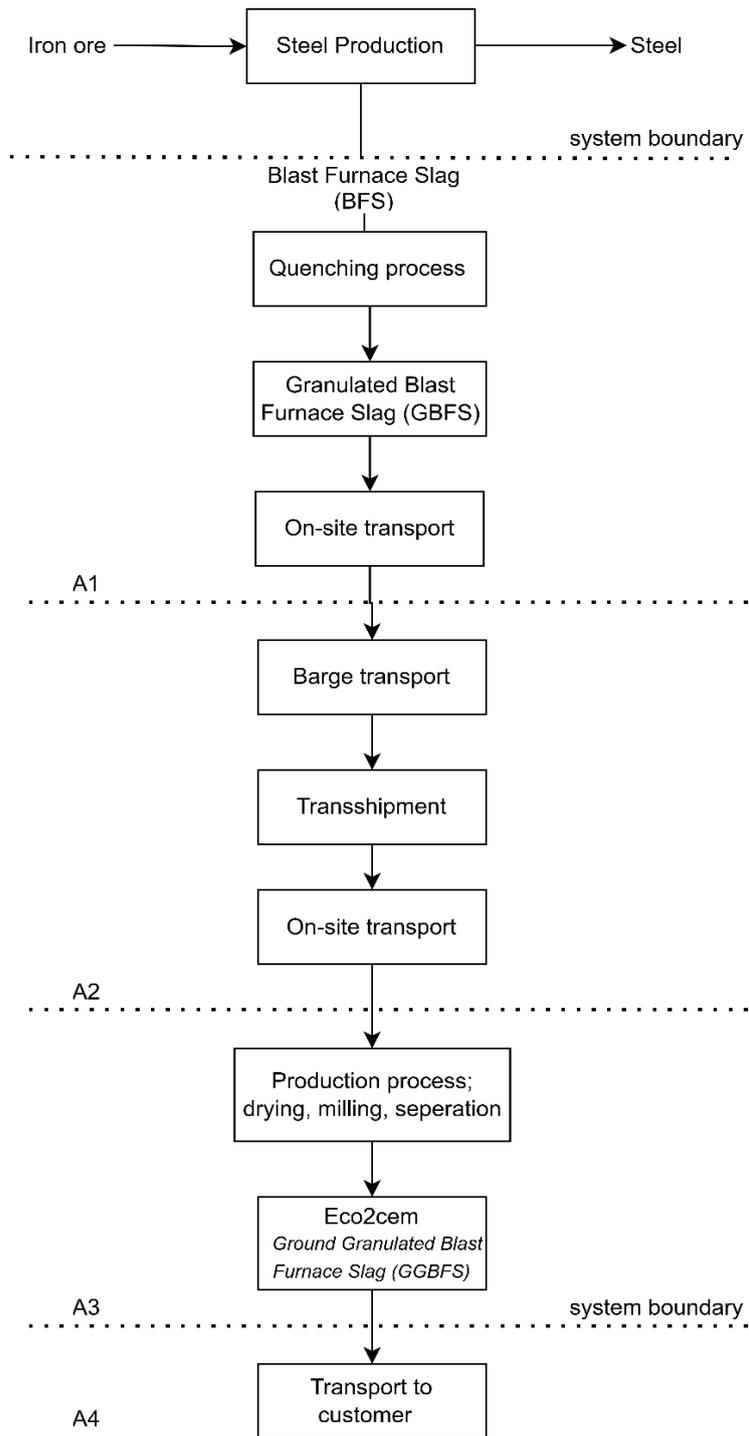
The software EcoChain is used to perform the LCA. The background databases used are:

- Ecoinvent (v3.6&3.9.1)

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport gate to site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse - Recovery - Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
x	x	x	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

X = Modules Assessed

ND = Not Declared



**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (indicators A1)**

Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
ADPE kg Sb eq.	2,53E-04	6,14E-05	2,76E-04	5,91E-04	0,00E+00													
ADPF MJ	1,14E+03	2,14E+01	1,44E+01	1,17E+03	0,00E+00													
GWP kg CO2 eq.	7,61E+01	5,49E+00	1,98E+01	1,01E+02	0,00E+00													
ODP kg CFC11 eq.	4,38E-06	1,34E-07	6,12E-08	4,58E-06	0,00E+00													
POCP kg ethene eq.	1,31E-01	2,52E-03	1,54E-03	1,35E-01	0,00E+00													
AP kg SO2 eq.	2,91E-01	3,32E-02	1,46E-02	3,39E-01	0,00E+00													
EP kg (PO4) 3 eq.	3,99E-02	7,63E-03	1,69E-03	4,93E-02	0,00E+00													

**Toxicity indicators and ECI (Dutch market)**

HTP kg DCB eq.	5,28E+01	1,03E+00	5,29E+00	5,91E+01	0,00E+00													
FAETP kg DCB eq.	3,52E-01	1,87E-02	4,77E-02	4,18E-01	0,00E+00													
MAETP kg DCB eq.	1,11E+03	4,59E+01	1,47E+02	1,30E+03	0,00E+00													
TETP kg DCB eq.	1,41E-01	9,59E-03	1,77E-01	3,28E-01	0,00E+00													
ECI euro	1,06E+01	5,80E-01	1,57E+00	1,27E+01	0,00E+00													
ADPF kg Sb eq.	5,48E-01	1,03E-02	6,93E-03	5,65E-01	0,00E+00													

- ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources
- ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources
- GWP = Global Warming Potential
- ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer
- POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants
- AP = Acidification Potential of land and water
- EP = Eutrophication Potential
- HTP = Human Toxicity Potential
- FAETP = Fresh water aquatic ecotoxicity potential
- MAETP = Marine aquatic ecotoxicity potential
- TETP = Terrestrial ecotoxicity potential
- ECI = Environmental Cost Indicator
- ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources

**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (core indicators A2)**

	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO2 eq.	8,03E+01	5,52E+00	1,93E+01	1,05E+02	0,00E+00													
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	8,03E+01	5,50E+00	1,93E+01	1,05E+02	0,00E+00													
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	0,00E+00																	
GWP-luluc	kg CO2 eq.	1,86E-02	1,64E-02	7,47E-04	3,57E-02	0,00E+00													
ODP	kg CFC11 eq.	4,13E-06	2,31E-08	2,39E-08	4,17E-06	0,00E+00													
AP	mol H+ eq.	3,56E-01	4,63E-02	1,59E-02	4,19E-01	0,00E+00													
EP-fresh water	kg PO4 eq.	3,79E-03	7,83E-05	5,64E-05	3,92E-03	0,00E+00													
EP-marine	kg N eq.	7,29E-02	2,12E-02	3,32E-03	9,74E-02	0,00E+00													
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	7,93E-01	2,33E-01	3,71E-02	1,06E+00	0,00E+00													
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	4,22E-01	6,10E-02	1,06E-02	4,93E-01	0,00E+00													
ADP-minerals & metals	kg Sb eq.	2,53E-04	8,60E-06	1,22E-04	3,84E-04	0,00E+00													
ADP-fossil	MJ, net calorific value	8,24E+02	2,10E+01	7,88E+00	8,53E+02	0,00E+00													
WDP	m3 world eq. Deprived	2,18E+01	5,31E-01	4,02E-01	2,28E+01	0,00E+00													

- GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total
- GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels
- GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenictotal
- GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change
- ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer
- AP = Acidification Potential, Accumulated Exceedence
- EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment
- EP-marine = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment
- EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Exceedence
- POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants
- ADP-minerals & metals = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources [1]
- ADP-fossil = Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential [1]
- WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption [1]

Disclaimer [1]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (additional indicators A2)**

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	Disease incidence	6,85E-06	1,13E-07	3,34E-07	7,30E-06	0,00E+00													
IRP	kBq U235 eq.	1,03E+00	8,73E-02	1,32E-02	1,13E+00	0,00E+00													
ETP-fw	CTUe	2,56E+03	8,89E+00	8,57E+01	2,66E+03	0,00E+00													
HTP-c	CTUh	4,12E-07	3,84E-09	4,85E-09	4,20E-07	0,00E+00													
HTP-nc	CTUh	2,63E-06	2,41E-08	1,37E-07	2,79E-06	0,00E+00													
SQP	-	2,09E+02	6,37E+01	5,40E+00	2,78E+02	0,00E+00													

- PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions
- IRP = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 [1]
- ETP-fw = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems [2]
- HTP-c = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, cancer [2]
- HTP-nc = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, non-cancer [2]
- SQP = Potential soil quality index [2]

Disclaimer [1]:

- This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste.

Disclaimer [2]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

**OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit (A1 en A2)**

	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	8,29E-03	1,04E-04	3,03E-03	1,14E-02	0,00E+00													
NHWD	kg	2,62E+00	4,40E-01	5,51E+00	8,58E+00	0,00E+00													
RWD	kg	2,07E-04	6,19E-05	3,65E-04	6,34E-04	0,00E+00													
CRU	kg	0,00E+00																	
MFR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,60E-01	1,60E-01	0,00E+00													
MER	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,96E-03	9,96E-03	0,00E+00													
EEE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,57E-01	1,57E-01	0,00E+00													
ETE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,71E-01	2,71E-01	0,00E+00													

- HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed
- NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed
- RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed
- CRU = Components for reuse
- MFR = Materials for recycling
- MER = Materials for energy recovery
- EEE = Exported Electrical Energy
- ETE = Exported Thermal Energy

**RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit (A1 and A2)**

	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	1,71E+01	2,21E+00	2,97E+02	3,16E+02	0,00E+00													
PERM	MJ	0,00E+00																	
PERT	MJ	1,71E+01	2,21E+00	2,97E+02	3,16E+02	0,00E+00													
PENRE	MJ	7,41E+02	2,32E+01	4,47E+02	1,21E+03	0,00E+00													
PENRM	MJ	0,00E+00																	
PENRT	MJ	7,41E+02	2,32E+01	4,47E+02	1,21E+03	0,00E+00													
SM	kg	1,00E+03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,00E+03	0,00E+00													
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00																	
NSRF	MJ	0,00E+00																	
FW	m3	6,72E-01	1,74E-02	1,64E-01	8,53E-01	0,00E+00													

- PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials
- PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources
- PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials
- PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
- PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources
- SM = Use of secondary materials
- RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels
- NSRF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels
- FW = Use of net fresh water

**BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT per functional unit or declared unit (A1 and A2)**

	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
BBCpr	kg C	0,00E+00																	
BCCpa	kg C	0,00E+00																	

- BCCpr = Biogenic carbon content in product
- BCCpa = Biogenic carbon content in packaging

## CALCULATION RULES

### Data quality

Data flows have been modeled as realistically as possible. Data quality assessment is based on the principle that the primary data used for processes occurring at the production site is selected in the first instance. Where this is not available, other reference data is selected from appropriate sources. Moreover, the latest update of the Ecolnvent database was used which holds the most up-to-date records (<2 years). Because the project activities take place in the future, the representativeness of the data is dependent on how the work will be executed. The real impact of the project activities could be modelled in an as-build study whenever the project is taken into use. All the environmental impacts are quantified and qualified in environmental effects. Direct emissions from the inventory are characterized by characterization factors from CML for EN15804+A1 and form EF 3.1 for EN15804+A2. Data has been assessed according to Annex E from EN 15804. All records used fall under the requirements of fair, good or very good in terms of geographical, technical or time representativeness.

### Data collection period

The dataset is representative for the production processes used in 2024.

### Methodology and reproducibility

The process descriptions and quantities in this study are reproducible in accordance to the reference standards that have been used. The references of all sources, both primary and public sources and literature, have been documented. In addition, to facilitate the reproducibility of this LCA, a full set of data records has been generated which can be accessed via the EcoChain tool. This data portfolio contains a summary of all the data used in this LCA, and correspondingly, in Ecocem Benelux EcoChain account.

## SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

### A1. Raw materials supply

This module considers the extraction and processing of GBS. The system boundary of the raw material production is determined between the blast furnace slag production and the quenching process. The impacts related to the quenching of the blast furnace slag are allocated onto the Eco2cem production like is stated in the NL-PCR cement v1.0.

### A2. Transport of raw materials to manufacturer

This includes the transport distance of the GBS to the manufacturing facility via road, boat and/or train.

### A3. Manufacturing

This module covers the manufacturing of the Eco2cem and includes all processes linked to production such as drying, grinding and internal transportation. For the use of electricity mix a market for approach was chosen. The use of fuels and auxiliary materials in the Eco2cem production is taken into account as well.

## DECLARATION OF SVHC

None of the substances contained in the product are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation", or they do not exceed the threshold with the European Chemicals Agency.

## REFERENCES

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