

# SHERWIN-WILLIAMS®

## Environmental Product Declaration

According to ISO14025+EN15804+A2

This declaration is for:

**Firetex FX6010**

Provided by:

**Sherwin-Williams UK Ltd, Protective & Marine Division**



MRPI® registration:

**1.1.01017.2025**

Program operator:

**Stichting MRPI®**

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**22-10-2030**



# SHERWIN-WILLIAMS®

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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## MRPI® REGISTRATION

1.1.01017.2025

## DATE OF THIS ISSUE

22-10-2025

## EXPIRY DATE

22-10-2030

## SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by Gert-Jan Vroege, Eco-intelligence. The LCA study has been done by Gudo Wisselo, Brienne Wiersema, Max Sonnen, Ecomatters B.V.. The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025+EN15804+A2. It is verified according to the 'Verification protocol for MRPI LCA project report & EPD 21th of May 2025, V. 5.2'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN15804+A2. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate list of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.

## PRODUCT

Firetex FX6010

## DECLARED UNIT / FUNCTIONAL UNIT

1 Area (m<sup>2</sup>)

## DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

An ultra fast-drying and durable multi-component intumescent coating.

## VISUAL PRODUCT

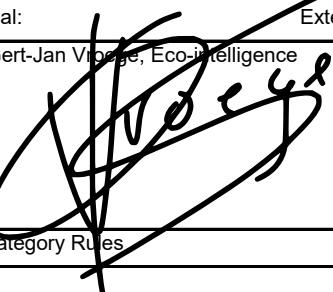


## PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI®  
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## MORE INFORMATION

[www.sherwin-williams.com/protectiveEMEA](http://www.sherwin-williams.com/protectiveEMEA)

Ing. L. L. Oosterveen MSc. MBA Managing Director MRPI  	DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR [1]  Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO14025+EN15804+A2 Internal: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External: X  Third party verifier: Gert-Jan Vroege, Eco-intelligence   [1] PCR = Product Category Rules
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## DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Firetex FX6010 is an ultra fast-drying and durable intumescent coating.

### Typical Use

FIRETEX FX6010 is a rapid curing intumescent coating, designed to provide up to 2 hours fire protection to structural steel. It is suitable for in-shop and on-site application, using single leg spray equipment.

### Application Method

Spray, brush for touch up

### Pack Size

18L

### Production process and conditions of delivery

Part A is manufactured via a batch based high speed dispersion method. Product is supplied in two separate components, to be mixed per manufacturers instructions immediately prior to use using approved spray equipment.

Paint characteristics		Unit
Waterborne / Solventborne	Methacrylate	value
Interior wall / Exterior wall / Trim	Interior	value
Service life of one coating layer	60	years
Density	1,46	kg/L
Coverage	0,92	m <sup>2</sup> /L
Number of layers	1	value
VOC content	24	g/L paint

Component (> 1%)	(kg / %)
Resin - Methacrylic resin	Confidential
Resin - Plasticer	Confidential
Pigment - Titanium Dioxide	Confidential
Pigment - Pentaerythritol	Confidential
Pigment - Zinc Borate	Confidential
Pigment - Melamine	Confidential
Pigment - APP	Confidential
Fibre - Mineral fibre	Confidential

## SCOPE AND TYPE

The type of this EPD is Cradle-to-Gate with options. All major steps from the extraction of natural resources to the final disposal of the product are included in the environmental performance of the manufacturing phase, except those that are not relevant to the environmental performance of the product. This declaration does not imply an indicator result of zero.

This EPD is representative for products produced in Bolton, UK and the application market is for customers in Europe. Likewise, for the end-of-life, the fate of the paint product is described within a European context.

The software LCA for Experts 10.9.0.31 is used to perform the LCA. In the model Ecoinvent 3.10 database was used.

The validity of this EPD is in correspondence with the specifications of the LCA project report.

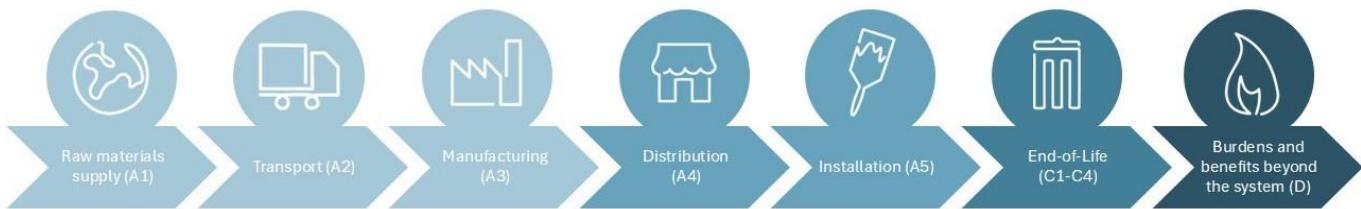
All impacts associated with the upstream production of materials and energy are included in the system boundaries. Mining activities and controlled landfills are included in the product systems. The emissions and resource extractions derived from these processes are considered elementary exchanges between the product systems and the environment.



PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport gate to site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse - Recovery - Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	X	X	X	X	X

X = Modules Assessed

ND = Not Declared



## REPRESENTATIVENESS

This is a product specific EPD for Firetex FX6010.



## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (core indicators A2)

	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	7,06E+00	8,79E-02	1,16E+00	8,31E+00	1,55E-01	4,73E-01	ND	0,00E+00	1,34E-02	0,00E+00	3,86E+00	-1,95E+00						
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	7,05E+00	8,78E-02	1,26E+00	8,40E+00	1,55E-01	4,72E-01	ND	0,00E+00	1,34E-02	0,00E+00	3,74E+00	-1,94E+00						
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	1,81E-03	4,53E-05	-9,95E-02	-9,77E-02	8,00E-05	1,60E-03	ND	0,00E+00	6,91E-06	0,00E+00	1,12E-01	-7,97E-03						
GWP-luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	1,11E-02	3,01E-05	1,06E-03	1,22E-02	5,30E-05	7,12E-05	ND	0,00E+00	4,58E-06	0,00E+00	5,86E-04	-7,53E-04						
ODP	kg CFC11 eq.	1,75E-07	1,77E-09	2,32E-08	2,00E-07	3,11E-09	4,57E-09	ND	0,00E+00	2,69E-10	0,00E+00	3,61E-08	-7,50E-08						
AP	mol H <sup>+</sup> eq.	5,19E-02	2,84E-04	5,32E-03	5,75E-02	5,00E-04	4,90E-04	ND	0,00E+00	4,32E-05	0,00E+00	4,03E-03	-2,48E-03						
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	1,54E-03	5,97E-06	3,65E-04	1,92E-03	1,05E-05	1,35E-04	ND	0,00E+00	9,10E-07	0,00E+00	1,08E-03	-2,25E-04						
EP-marine	kg N eq.	7,45E-03	9,70E-05	1,06E-03	8,61E-03	1,71E-04	1,26E-04	ND	0,00E+00	1,48E-05	0,00E+00	1,02E-03	-7,08E-04						
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	6,95E-02	1,05E-03	1,11E-02	8,16E-02	1,85E-03	1,15E-03	ND	0,00E+00	1,60E-04	0,00E+00	9,40E-03	-7,05E-03						
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	2,73E-02	4,62E-04	4,19E-03	3,20E-02	8,15E-04	2,66E-02	ND	0,00E+00	7,04E-05	0,00E+00	4,07E-03	-3,88E-03						
ADP-minerals & metals	kg Sb eq.	6,36E-05	2,37E-07	2,80E-05	9,18E-05	4,18E-07	5,21E-07	ND	0,00E+00	3,61E-08	0,00E+00	5,30E-06	-1,04E-06						
ADP-fossil	MJ, net calorific value	1,22E+02	1,28E+00	1,74E+01	1,41E+02	2,25E+00	2,29E+00	ND	0,00E+00	1,95E-01	0,00E+00	1,81E+01	-3,23E+01						
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world Deprived	6,55E+01	8,18E-03	4,14E-01	6,59E+01	1,44E-02	3,65E-02	ND	0,00E+00	1,25E-03	0,00E+00	2,92E-01	-2,38E-01						

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels

GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic total

GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer

AP = Acidification Potential, Accumulated Exceedence

EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

EP-marine = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Exceedence

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants

ADP-minerals & metals = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources [1]

ADP-fossil = Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential [1]

WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption [1]

### Disclaimer [1]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.



## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (additional indicators A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	Disease incidence	3,63E-07	6,74E-09	6,57E-08	4,35E-07	1,19E-08	5,27E-09	ND	0,00E+00	1,03E-09	0,00E+00	4,29E-08	-1,35E-08						
IRP	kBq U235 eq.	2,54E-01	1,55E-03	1,61E-01	4,17E-01	2,73E-03	1,12E-02	ND	0,00E+00	2,36E-04	0,00E+00	9,10E-02	-1,43E-01						
ETP-fw	CTUe	3,45E+01	3,02E-01	7,87E+00	4,27E+01	5,33E-01	7,05E+00	ND	0,00E+00	4,61E-02	0,00E+00	5,61E+01	-6,06E+00						
HTP-c	CTUh	7,54E-09	5,45E-10	1,82E-08	2,63E-08	9,61E-10	9,76E-10	ND	0,00E+00	8,31E-11	0,00E+00	7,79E-09	-1,84E-08						
HTP-nc	CTUh	8,69E-08	7,63E-10	2,00E-08	1,08E-07	1,35E-09	1,39E-09	ND	0,00E+00	1,16E-10	0,00E+00	1,19E-08	-5,25E-09						
SQP	-	3,58E+01	1,28E+00	1,80E+01	5,51E+01	2,26E+00	3,59E-01	ND	0,00E+00	1,95E-01	0,00E+00	2,94E+00	-1,33E+00						

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions

IRP = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 [1]

ETP-fw = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems [2]

HTP-c = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, cancer [2]

HTP-nc = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, non-cancer [2]

SQP = Potential soil quality index [2]

### Disclaimer [1]:

- This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste.

### Disclaimer [2]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.



## OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit (A1 en A2)

Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	5,52E-02	1,25E-03	8,64E-02	1,43E-01	2,21E-03	4,10E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	1,91E-04	0,00E+00	1,89E+00	0,00E+00
NHWD	kg	9,14E-05	0,00E+00	4,62E-02	4,63E-02	0,00E+00	2,36E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RWD	kg	2,67E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,67E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
CRU	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,53E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
ETE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed  
 NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed  
 RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed  
 CRU = Components for reuse  
 MFR = Materials for recycling  
 MER = Materials for energy recovery  
 EEE = Exported Electrical Energy  
 ETE = Exported Thermal Energy



## RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit (A1 and A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	2,97E+00	2,03E-02	4,49E+00	7,47E+00	3,57E-02	1,24E-01	ND	0,00E+00	3,09E-03	0,00E+00	1,02E+00	-1,23E+00						
PERM	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
PERT	MJ	2,97E+00	2,03E-02	4,49E+00	7,47E+00	3,57E-02	1,24E-01	ND	0,00E+00	3,09E-03	0,00E+00	1,02E+00	-1,23E+00						
PENRE	MJ	1,22E+02	1,28E+00	1,74E+01	1,41E+02	2,25E+00	2,29E+00	ND	0,00E+00	1,95E-01	0,00E+00	1,81E+01	-3,23E+01						
PENRM	MJ	1,20E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,20E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
PENRT	MJ	1,22E+02	1,28E+00	1,74E+01	1,41E+02	2,25E+00	2,29E+00	ND	0,00E+00	1,95E-01	0,00E+00	1,81E+01	-3,23E+01						
SM	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
NSRF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
FW	m3	2,27E+00	1,91E-04	9,65E-03	2,28E+00	3,36E-04	8,51E-04	ND	0,00E+00	2,91E-05	0,00E+00	6,81E-03	-5,54E-03						

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials  
 PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials  
 PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources  
 PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials  
 PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials  
 PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources  
 SM = Use of secondary materials  
 RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels  
 NSRF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels  
 FW = Use of net fresh water

## BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT per functional unit or declared unit (A1 and A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
BBCpr	kg C	0,00E+00																	
BCCpa	kg C	0,00E+00																	

BCCpr = Biogenic carbon content in product  
 BCCpa = Biogenic carbon content in packaging



## CALCULATION RULES

### Cut off criteria

Some cut-offs were applied in this study. During the manufacturing process, the input of consumables and the packaging waste from raw materials were excluded from the system boundaries due to a lack of data on the composition of this waste. A negligible amount of waste steel generated during manufacturing is also excluded. Furthermore, application tools such as brushes, cloths, and buckets are not included in the assessment, as they are considered capital goods. Reconditioned drums were not modelled as a separate input in the manufacturing process, as these are generally reused over several years. Therefore, the materials used for the drums are cut-off from, but all inputs required for reconditioning the drums in the manufacturing site are included. Additionally, energy consumed during application—for example, by spray applicators—has not been included due to its insignificance. No other cut-offs of outputs, raw materials, or other inputs were made at any life cycle stage.

### Data quality and data collection period

Specific data was collected from Sherwin-Williams through a questionnaire, including inquiries about paint characteristics and packaging, production information and end-of-life. The data collection period for specific data was the year 2023. Data gaps (i.e. transport data, end of life scenarios) were covered with data generic values for transport as described in the Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints document version 1.0 published by CEPE and reviewed in April 2018 and the Product Environmental Footprint method (European Comission, 2021). Generic data (i.e. upstream acquisition and production of raw materials, transport, waste treatment processes) was selected from Ecoinvent 3.10 database. In the case of missing data, a relevant proxy was searched and adjusted to the corresponding unit process.

### Allocation procedure

To allocate the emissions and inputs to the manufactured products, the decision-hierarchy in ISO 14044 is used (ISO 2006). It is not possible to sub-divide the site data into a more detailed level or find physical causalities between inputs and outputs, thus allocation is done based on mass, considering the annual production of paint product for each site. The production of paint comprises only of the mixing ingredients. Therefore, the environmental impact is expected to be related to the mass of the products.

## SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

### A1. Raw materials supply

This module considers the extraction and processing of all raw materials and energy which occur upstream to the manufacturing process, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state.

### A2. Transport of raw materials to manufacturer

This includes the transport distance of the raw materials to the manufacturing facility via road. As no primary data was available for the transportation distances, the default values from the PEFCR for Decorative Paints were used.

Transport of raw materials		unit
Distance for raw materials	460	km
Distance for packaging materials	250	km
Capacity	> 32 t, 64% payload	value

### A3. Manufacturing

This module covers manufacturing and includes all processes linked to production such as storing, mixing, packing and internal transportation. Use of electricity, fuels and auxiliary materials in paint production is accounted for.

Data regarding paint production was provided for the manufacturing site where the coating is produced in Bolton, UK. Primary data and site-specific data was provided for the consumption of utilities and product packaging. The electricity is modelled by the residual electricity mix using the Ecoinvent 3.10 datasets. For upstream (raw material processes) and downstream processes (application, use, and waste processing) generic data is used when no specific data was available.

The manufacture of production equipment and infrastructure is not included in the system boundary.

### A4. Transport to Regional Distribution Centre and customer

All paint containers are transported from the production facility into a distribution centre and then finally to the customer. As no primary data was available for the transportation distances, the default values from the PEFCR for Decorative Paints were used.



Transport to RDC and PoS		unit
Factory to Regional Distribution Centre	350	km
Regional Distribution Centre to Point of Sale	370	km
Capacity	> 32 t, 64% payload	value

#### A5. Application and use

This module includes the environmental aspects and impacts associated with the application and of the paint. It is assumed that no energy is required during the application of this paint. The use of paintbrushes and other appliances used during application are not included. There are some raw materials added in the paint formulations which contain small amounts of solvents. The VOC emissions during application of paint are included in this module.

#### C2. Transport to incineration

This module includes one-way transportation distance of the demolition or sorting site to the dump site. As no primary data was available for the transportation distances, the default values from the PEFCR for Decorative Paints were used.

Transport of EoL waste		unit
Distance for raw materials	80	km
Capacity	> 32 t, 64% payload	value

#### C3. Waste processing and C4. Disposal

The end of life stage is encompassed in these modules. It is assumed that the paint is used as exterior paint and that part of the paint is lost during application. The applied paint is then disposed of with the substrate on which it has been applied.

EoL		unit
Incineration with energy recovery	100	%



# SHERWIN-WILLIAMS®

## DECLARATION OF SVHC

This product contains melamine.

## REFERENCES

- CEPE, Raw materials LCI database for the European Council of the Paint, Printing Ink and Artists' Colours Industry (CEPE), version 4.0, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, 2024
- EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works. Environmental product declarations. Core rules for the product category of construction products, of 2019.
- European Commission, PEFCR Guidance document, - Guidance for the development of Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules (PEFCRs), version 6.3, December 2017.
- ISO 14040/14044 on Life Cycle Assessments
- Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints version 1.0, 2018. Developed by the Technical Secretariat Decorative Paints of the European Council of the Paint, Printing Ink and Artists' Colours Industry.
- Sphera GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright 1992-2018 Sphera.
- Wernet, G., Bauer, C., Steubing, B., Reinhard, J., Moreno-Ruiz, E., and Weidema, B., 2016. The ecoinvent database version 3 (part I): overview and methodology. The International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment, [online] 21(9), pp.1218–1230. Available at: <<http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s11367-016-1087-8>> [Accessed 20-01-2021]

## REMARKS

None

