

**Environmental  
Product  
Declaration**

According to EN15804+A2 (+indicators A1)

This declaration is for:  
**FABRINET® Drainage geocomposite single-sided**

Provided by:  
**Solmax**



MRPI® registration:  
**1.1.00764.2025**

Program operator:  
**Stichting MRPI®**  
Publisher:  
**Stichting MRPI®**  
[www.mrpi.nl](http://www.mrpi.nl)

Date of first issue:  
**30-1-2025**  
Date of this issue:  
**30-1-2025**  
Expiry date:  
**30-1-2030**

## COMPANY INFORMATION

Solmax  
1111 Rue Saint-Charles Ouest, suite 452  
J4K 5G4  
Longueuil, Quebec  
Canada  
+1 450-929-1234

<https://www.solmax.com/>

## MRPI® REGISTRATION

1.1.00764.2025

## DATE OF THIS ISSUE

30-1-2025

## EXPIRY DATE

30-1-2030

## SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by Tim Mol, Ecoreview. The LCA study has been done by Darryl Kofi Safo, Solmax. The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to EN15804+A2 (+indicators A1). It is verified according to the 'MRPI®-EPD verification protocol November 2020.v4.0'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN15804+A2. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate list of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.

## PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI®  
Kingsfordweg 151  
1043 GR  
Amsterdam

## PRODUCT

FABRINET® Drainage geocomposite single-sided

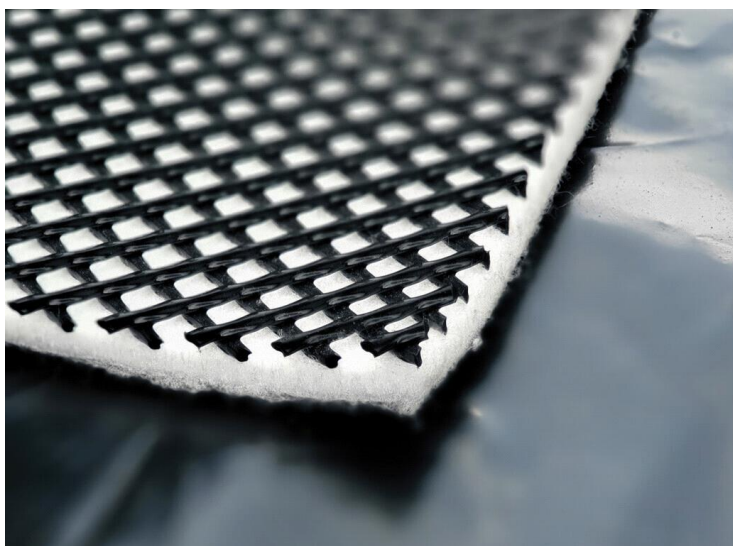
## DECLARED UNIT / FUNCTIONAL UNIT

1 m2

## DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

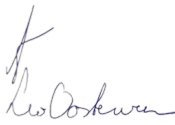
FABRINET Drainage Geocomposites are structured to complement or replace sand, stone, and gravel to act as drainage, filtration, separation, and barrier protection. Such geocomposites are regularly used in intercepting and conveying leachate, rain water and gas in landfill liner and cover systems and for conducting vapor or water beneath pond liners. They serve as leakage control layer. They are used in various applications in the civil and environmental infrastructure applications.

## VISUAL PRODUCT



## MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.solmax.com/eu/en/products/fabrinet>

|                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Ing. L. L. Oosterveen MSc. MBA<br/>Managing Director MRPI</p>  | <p>DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION</p>                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                                                                                      | <p>CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR [1]</p>                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN15804+A2 (+indicators A1)</p> <p>Internal: External: X</p>                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Third party verifier: Tim Mol, Ecoreview</p>  <p>[1] PCR = Product Category Rules</p> |

## DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION (PART 1)

FABRINET drainage geocomposites single-sided consist of a geonet core, heat laminated with one layer of a polypropylene geotextile. The geonet is an extruded HDPE (High Density Polyethylene Structure) in a manner that forms a relatively open structure ideal for the in-plane conveyance of liquids and/or gases. The primary purpose of the geotextile is to act as filter or separator between the soil and the geonet core. It improves the interface shear strength of the drainage system.

## DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION (PART 2)

### Manufacturing process

This begins with the polyolefin resin and various additives that make up the formulation being introduced into an extruder and melted at high temperatures. The molten polymeric material is forced through a die to form continuous strands which are arranged into the desired grid-like structure. Drainage geocomposites are typically manufactured through a process of bonding or laminating a geotextile to either one or both sides of the geonet core.

| Component (> 1%)         | (%)    |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Polyethylene resin       | 81-85% |
| Colour masterbatch       | 6-8%   |
| Polypropylene geotextile | 8-12%  |

## SCOPE AND TYPE

The geographical location is EMEA and the product is manufactured in Rechlin, Germany.

Solmax Geosynthetics GmbH

Boekerstrasse 1A

D17248 Rechlin

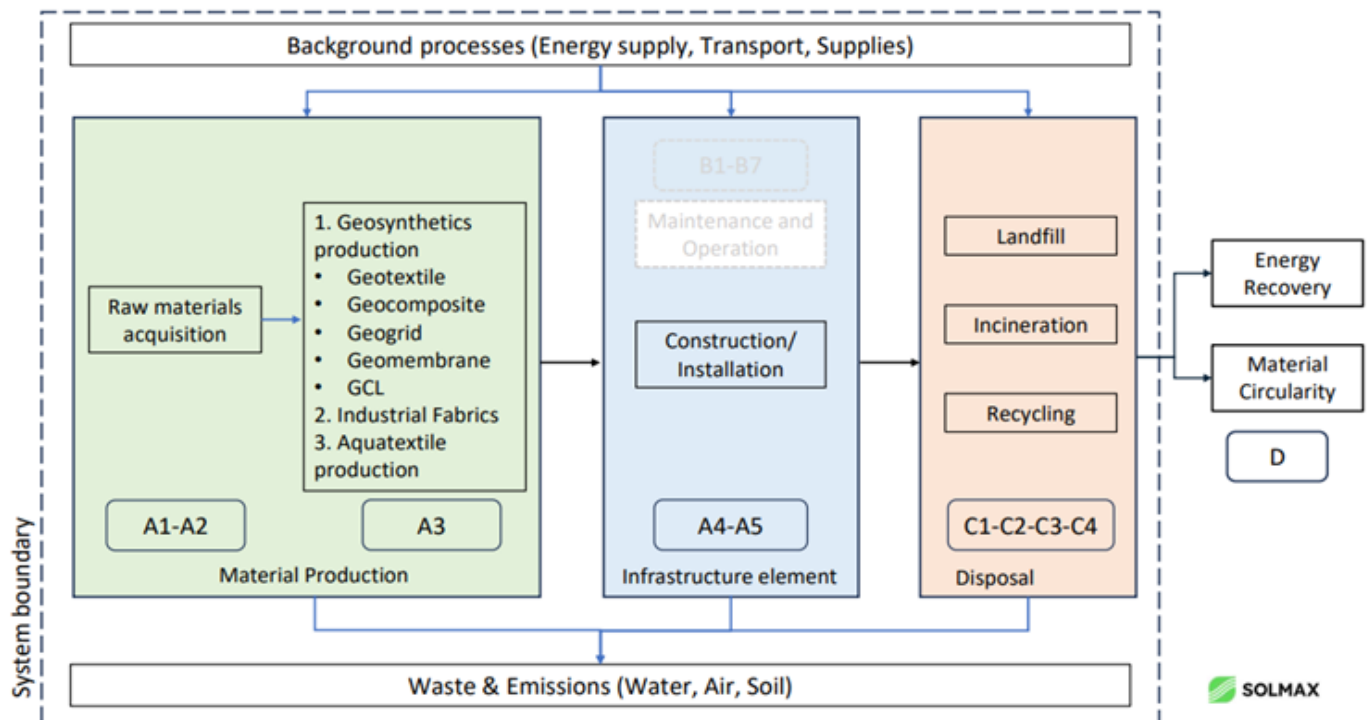
Germany

The product has various potential applications as a construction material or as a component in construction materials. Background database used for the calculations is Ecoinvent version 3.6 in combination with the Ecochain Helix 4.3.1 LCA software. The EPD is a Cradle-to-Grave EPD.

| PRODUCT STAGE       |           |               | CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE |          | USE STAGE |             |        |             |               |                        |                       | END OF LIFE STAGE          |           |                  |          | BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport gate to site     | Assembly | Use       | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse - Recovery - Recycling potential          |
| A1                  | A2        | A3            | A4                         | A5       | B1        | B2          | B3     | B4          | B5            | B6                     | B7                    | C1                         | C2        | C3               | C4       | D                                               |
| X                   | X         | X             | X                          | X        | X         | X           | X      | X           | X             | X                      | X                     | X                          | X         | X                | X        | X                                               |

X = Modules Assessed

ND = Not Declared



## REPRESENTATIVENESS

In this study a specific product is considered, produced at a specific production site.

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (indicators A1)

|      | Unit           | A1       | A2       | A3       | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1       | B2       | B3       | B4       | B5       | B6       | B7       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| ADPE | kg Sb eq.      | 3,74E-05 | 1,69E-06 | 1,01E-06 | 4,01E-05 | 2,08E-06 | 2,16E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,55E-08 | 2,28E-07 | 4,97E-07 | 0,00E+00 | -9,63E-07 |
| ADPF | MJ             | 6,80E+01 | 1,74E+00 | 4,17E+00 | 7,39E+01 | 1,24E+00 | 3,79E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,00E-01 | 1,36E-01 | 3,66E-01 | 0,00E+00 | -2,49E+01 |
| GWP  | kg CO2 eq.     | 2,17E+00 | 1,28E-01 | 2,82E-01 | 2,58E+00 | 8,13E-02 | 2,41E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,45E-02 | 8,93E-03 | 1,96E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -1,25E+00 |
| ODP  | kg CFC11 eq.   | 6,04E-08 | 2,13E-08 | 1,33E-08 | 9,50E-08 | 1,44E-08 | 5,76E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,46E-09 | 1,58E-09 | 2,55E-09 | 0,00E+00 | -1,39E-07 |
| POCP | kg ethene eq.  | 1,76E-03 | 1,42E-04 | 3,74E-05 | 1,94E-03 | 4,90E-05 | 1,02E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,47E-05 | 5,39E-06 | 1,35E-05 | 0,00E+00 | -2,31E-04 |
| AP   | kg SO2 eq.     | 8,04E-03 | 2,49E-03 | 5,67E-04 | 1,11E-02 | 3,57E-04 | 5,90E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,07E-04 | 3,92E-05 | 2,16E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -9,77E-04 |
| EP   | kg (PO4) 3 eq. | 8,37E-04 | 2,88E-04 | 1,92E-04 | 1,32E-03 | 7,02E-05 | 7,58E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,42E-05 | 7,71E-06 | 7,87E-05 | 0,00E+00 | -1,33E-04 |

### Toxicity indicators and ECI (Dutch market)

|       |            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |           |
|-------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| HTP   | kg DCB eq. | 4,68E-01 | 6,66E-02 | 3,08E-02 | 5,65E-01 | 3,42E-02 | 4,05E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 5,99E-03 | 3,76E-03 | 6,83E-02 | 0,00E+00 | -7,26E-02 |
| FAETP | kg DCB eq. | 1,40E-02 | 1,30E-03 | 1,11E-03 | 1,64E-02 | 9,99E-04 | 2,09E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 7,73E-05 | 1,10E-04 | 2,23E-02 | 0,00E+00 | -8,40E-04 |
| MAETP | kg DCB eq. | 4,12E+01 | 5,60E+00 | 4,74E+00 | 5,15E+01 | 3,59E+00 | 4,67E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,66E-01 | 3,95E-01 | 3,26E+01 | 0,00E+00 | -3,45E+00 |
| TETP  | kg DCB eq. | 1,87E-03 | 2,05E-04 | 5,53E-04 | 2,62E-03 | 1,21E-04 | 1,48E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,32E-05 | 1,33E-05 | 1,03E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -2,39E-04 |
| ECI   | euro       | 2,04E-01 | 2,60E-02 | 2,18E-02 | 2,52E-01 | 9,79E-03 | 1,98E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,99E-03 | 1,08E-03 | 1,10E-01 | 0,00E+00 | -7,70E-02 |
| ADPF  | kg Sb eq.  | 3,27E-02 | 8,36E-04 | 2,00E-03 | 3,55E-02 | 5,98E-04 | 1,82E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 9,62E-05 | 6,56E-05 | 1,76E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -1,20E-02 |

|       |   |                                                                  |
|-------|---|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADPE  | = | Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources             |
| ADPF  | = | Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources                 |
| GWP   | = | Global Warming Potential                                         |
| ODP   | = | Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer             |
| POCP  | = | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants |
| AP    | = | Acidification Potential of land and water                        |
| EP    | = | Eutrophication Potential                                         |
| HTP   | = | Human Toxicity Potential                                         |
| FAETP | = | Fresh water aquatic ecotoxicity potential                        |
| MAETP | = | Marine aquatic ecotoxicity potential                             |
| TETP  | = | Terrestrial ecotoxicity potential                                |
| ECI   | = | Environmental Cost Indicator                                     |
| ADPF  | = | Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources                 |

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (core indicators A2)

|                       | Unit                    | A1       | A2        | A3       | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1       | B2       | B3       | B4       | B5       | B6       | B7       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| GWP-total             | kg CO2 eq.              | 2,26E+00 | 1,29E-01  | 3,06E-01 | 2,69E+00 | 8,20E-02 | 2,52E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,47E-02 | 9,01E-03 | 1,97E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -1,27E+00 |
| GWP-fossil            | kg CO2 eq.              | 2,25E+00 | 1,29E-01  | 2,81E-01 | 2,66E+00 | 8,19E-02 | 2,42E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,47E-02 | 9,00E-03 | 1,96E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -1,27E+00 |
| GWP-biogenic          | kg CO2 eq.              | 3,97E-03 | -8,28E-06 | 2,42E-02 | 2,81E-02 | 3,78E-05 | 9,83E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 5,65E-06 | 4,16E-06 | 4,79E-03 | 0,00E+00 | -3,94E-03 |
| GWP-luluc             | kg CO2 eq.              | 1,06E-03 | 7,63E-05  | 3,34E-04 | 1,47E-03 | 3,00E-05 | 7,60E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,54E-06 | 3,30E-06 | 1,31E-05 | 0,00E+00 | -6,26E-05 |
| ODP                   | kg CFC11 eq.            | 6,57E-08 | 2,68E-08  | 1,07E-08 | 1,03E-07 | 1,81E-08 | 6,42E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 3,09E-09 | 1,99E-09 | 2,97E-09 | 0,00E+00 | -1,58E-07 |
| AP                    | mol H+ eq.              | 9,71E-03 | 3,13E-03  | 7,42E-04 | 1,36E-02 | 4,75E-04 | 7,26E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,50E-04 | 5,22E-05 | 3,03E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -1,24E-03 |
| EP-fresh water        | kg PO4 eq.              | 5,28E-05 | 7,73E-07  | 4,23E-05 | 9,59E-05 | 8,27E-07 | 4,87E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 8,13E-08 | 9,08E-08 | 4,61E-07 | 0,00E+00 | -2,57E-06 |
| EP-marine             | kg N eq.                | 1,66E-03 | 7,94E-04  | 1,21E-04 | 2,58E-03 | 1,67E-04 | 1,49E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,57E-05 | 1,84E-05 | 1,33E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -3,41E-04 |
| EP-terrestrial        | mol N eq.               | 1,89E-02 | 8,82E-03  | 1,94E-03 | 2,97E-02 | 1,85E-03 | 1,68E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 7,21E-04 | 2,03E-04 | 1,45E-03 | 0,00E+00 | -3,76E-03 |
| POCP                  | kg NMVOC eq.            | 7,52E-03 | 2,31E-03  | 3,58E-04 | 1,02E-02 | 5,27E-04 | 5,64E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,99E-04 | 5,79E-05 | 3,60E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -1,31E-03 |
| ADP-minerals & metals | kg Sb eq.               | 3,74E-05 | 1,69E-06  | 1,01E-06 | 4,01E-05 | 2,08E-06 | 2,16E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,55E-08 | 2,28E-07 | 4,97E-07 | 0,00E+00 | -9,63E-07 |
| ADP-fossil            | MJ, net calorific value | 6,53E+01 | 1,75E+00  | 3,81E+00 | 7,09E+01 | 1,24E+00 | 3,64E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,01E-01 | 1,36E-01 | 3,43E-01 | 0,00E+00 | -2,25E+01 |
| WDP                   | m3 world eq. Deprived   | 9,49E-01 | 3,84E-03  | 1,67E-02 | 9,70E-01 | 4,42E-03 | 4,92E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 3,53E-04 | 4,86E-04 | 6,62E-03 | 0,00E+00 | -1,47E-01 |

|                       |   |                                                                                     |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GWP-total             | = | Global Warming Potential total                                                      |
| GWP-fossil            | = | Global Warming Potential fossil fuels                                               |
| GWP-biogenic          | = | Global Warming Potential biogenictotal                                              |
| GWP-luluc             | = | Global Warming Potential land use and land use change                               |
| ODP                   | = | Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer                                |
| AP                    | = | Acidification Potential, Accumulated Exceedence                                     |
| EP-freshwater         | = | Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment |
| EP-marine             | = | Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment     |
| EP-terrestrial        | = | Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Exceedence                                    |
| POCP                  | = | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants                    |
| ADP-minerals & metals | = | Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources [1]                            |
| ADP-fossil            | = | Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential [1]                                |
| WDP                   | = | Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption [1]      |

### Disclaimer [1]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (additional indicators A2)

| Unit   |                   | A1       | A2       | A3       | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1       | B2       | B3       | B4       | B5       | B6       | B7       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|--------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| PM     | Disease incidence | 7,88E-08 | 6,37E-09 | 2,77E-09 | 8,79E-08 | 7,36E-09 | 5,06E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 3,95E-09 | 8,08E-10 | 1,91E-09 | 0,00E+00 | -5,23E-09 |
| IRP    | kBq U235 eq.      | 3,22E-02 | 7,44E-03 | 1,20E-02 | 5,17E-02 | 5,18E-03 | 2,94E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 8,54E-04 | 5,69E-04 | 7,65E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -8,12E-03 |
| ETP-fw | CTUe              | 3,07E+01 | 1,28E+00 | 2,51E+00 | 3,44E+01 | 1,10E+00 | 1,84E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,33E-01 | 1,21E-01 | 6,26E-01 | 0,00E+00 | -1,63E+00 |
| HTP-c  | CTUh              | 7,14E-10 | 6,81E-11 | 4,99E-11 | 8,32E-10 | 3,57E-11 | 5,01E-11 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,92E-12 | 3,93E-12 | 8,46E-11 | 0,00E+00 | -9,53E-11 |
| HTP-nc | CTUh              | 1,88E-08 | 1,18E-09 | 2,11E-09 | 2,21E-08 | 1,21E-09 | 1,36E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,30E-10 | 1,32E-10 | 2,93E-09 | 0,00E+00 | -1,52E-09 |
| SQP    | -                 | 3,60E+00 | 6,83E-01 | 6,94E-01 | 4,98E+00 | 1,07E+00 | 3,24E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,66E-02 | 1,18E-01 | 1,87E-01 | 0,00E+00 | -1,57E+00 |

- PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions
- IRP = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 [1]
- ETP-fw = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems [2]
- HTP-c = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, cancer [2]
- HTP-nc = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, non-cancer [2]
- SQP = Potential soil quality index [2]

### Disclaimer [1]:

- This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste.

### Disclaimer [2]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

# OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit (A1 en A2)

|      | Unit | A1       | A2       | A3       | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1       | B2       | B3       | B4       | B5       | B6       | B7       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| HWD  | kg   | 1,30E-05 | 2,58E-06 | 1,18E-06 | 1,68E-05 | 3,13E-06 | 1,15E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 5,55E-07 | 3,44E-07 | 2,21E-06 | 0,00E+00 | -2,57E-05 |
| NHWD | kg   | 1,39E-01 | 4,13E-02 | 1,58E-02 | 1,96E-01 | 7,84E-02 | 1,72E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 3,67E-04 | 8,61E-03 | 2,61E-02 | 0,00E+00 | -1,07E-02 |
| RWD  | kg   | 2,84E-05 | 1,19E-05 | 1,55E-05 | 5,58E-05 | 8,12E-06 | 3,34E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,37E-06 | 8,91E-07 | 9,89E-07 | 0,00E+00 | -1,11E-05 |
| CRU  | kg   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| MFR  | kg   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,71E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| MER  | kg   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 4,43E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| EEE  | MJ   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 8,51E+00  |
| ETE  | MJ   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 4,94E+00  |

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed  
 NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed  
 RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed  
 CRU = Components for reuse  
 MFR = Materials for recycling  
 MER = Materials for energy recovery  
 EEE = Exported Electrical Energy  
 ETE = Exported Thermal Energy

### RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit (A1 and A2)

|       | Unit | A1       | A2       | A3       | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1       | B2       | B3       | B4       | B5       | B6       | B7       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|-------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| PERE  | MJ   | 1,08E+00 | 7,66E-03 | 4,69E-01 | 1,56E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 7,80E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,61E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -2,83E-01 |
| PERM  | MJ   | 0,00E+00 | 7,64E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 7,64E-03 | 1,55E-02 | 1,86E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,70E-03 | 1,19E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| PERT  | MJ   | 1,08E+00 | 1,53E-02 | 4,69E-01 | 1,56E+00 | 1,55E-02 | 7,98E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,61E-03 | 1,70E-03 | 1,19E-02 | 0,00E+00 | -2,83E-01 |
| PENRE | MJ   | 7,01E+01 | 1,21E+00 | 4,09E+00 | 7,54E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 3,78E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,14E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -2,48E+01 |
| PENRM | MJ   | 0,00E+00 | 6,48E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 6,48E-01 | 1,31E+00 | 1,26E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,44E-01 | 3,70E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| PENRT | MJ   | 7,01E+01 | 1,86E+00 | 4,09E+00 | 7,60E+01 | 1,31E+00 | 3,90E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,14E-01 | 1,44E-01 | 3,70E-01 | 0,00E+00 | -2,48E+01 |
| SM    | kg   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| RSF   | MJ   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| NSRF  | MJ   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| FW    | m3   | 2,36E-02 | 1,33E-04 | 1,75E-03 | 2,55E-02 | 1,51E-04 | 1,30E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,24E-05 | 1,65E-05 | 2,67E-04 | 0,00E+00 | -2,11E-03 |

|       |   |                                                                                                              |
|-------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PERE  | = | Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials                     |
| PERM  | = | Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials                                              |
| PERT  | = | Total use of renewable primary energy resources                                                              |
| PENRE | = | Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials |
| PENRM | = | Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials                                          |
| PENRT | = | Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources                                                          |
| SM    | = | Use of secondary materials                                                                                   |
| RSF   | = | Use of renewable secondary fuels                                                                             |
| NSRF  | = | Use of non-renewable secondary fuels                                                                         |
| FW    | = | Use of net fresh water                                                                                       |

### BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT per functional unit or declared unit (A1 and A2)

|       | Unit | A1       | A2       | A3       | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1       | B2       | B3       | B4       | B5       | B6       | B7       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|-------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| BBCpr | kg C | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |
| BCCpa | kg C | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,47E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -3,04E-02 |

|       |   |                                      |
|-------|---|--------------------------------------|
| BCCpr | = | Biogenic carbon content in product   |
| BCCpa | = | Biogenic carbon content in packaging |

## CALCULATION RULES

### Cut off rules

All primary data of the production processes were considered. No materials or processes have been excluded from the study.

### Data quality

Data flows have been modeled as realistically as possible. Data quality assessment is based on the principle that the primary data used for processes occurring at the production site must be of higher quality than background data of other processes. Where this is not available, other reference data is selected from appropriate sources.

### Data collection period

The dataset is representative for the production processes used in 2023.

### Methodology and reproducibility

The process descriptions and quantities in this study are reproducible in accordance to the reference standards that have been used. The references of all sources, both primary and public sources and literature, have been documented. In addition, to facilitate the reproducibility of this LCA, a full set of data records has been generated.

### Allocation

In accordance with the respective methodologies, the allocation procedures in the background processes are deemed to be consistent.

## SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION (PART 1)

### Product stage (A1-A3)

The processes in A1-A3 consists of the extraction and processing of raw materials, transportation of the raw materials, the manufacturing process and product packaging. The required energy for production, external treatments, ancillary materials, packaging material and production emissions are included. Energy consumption was modelled based on a residual energy mix.

### Transport to construction site (A4)

This life cycle stage details all impacts related to the transport of product to the construction site from production facility. The distance is determined by using the city of Utrecht as ship-to address for products that are manufactured outside of Netherlands. The following scenario is assumed for module A4 of this EPD.

| Description                     | Value             | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Vehicle type used for transport | Lorry unspecified |      |
| Distance to construction site   | 660               | km   |

## SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION (PART 2)

### Assembly (A5)

The life cycle stage details all impact related to the on-site activities in the construction stage. This also includes any waste produced and its disposal. The product is typically unrolled off suspended rolls manually and therefore has no impacts associated with installation. However, the environmental impacts related to the disposal of packaging material are considered.

| Description                                                        | Value | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Output materials as results of losses during construction          | 5     | %    |
| Output materials as results of waste processing of used packaging. | 0,012 | kg   |
| Distance to disposal site (Winding core)                           | 60    | km   |
| Distance to disposal site (Plastic packaging)                      | 92,5  | km   |

### SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION (PART 3)

The environmental impacts related to the disposal of packaging material are considered in this module. The disposal of plastic packaging (plastic wrapping bag and sling) follows the "polyolefinen o.a. leidingen, folies" (ENG: polyolefins including pipes and films) waste stream. As for the winding core, the disposal follows the "pvc, leidingen" (ENG: pvc, pipes) waste stream. The table below presents the distances and disposal percentages used to calculate the average transport distance for waste packaging materials.

| Waste stream                             | Not removed (Stays underground) | Landfill | Incineration | Recycling | Re-use |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------|
| Transport to disposal site               | 0 km                            | 50 km    | 100 km       | 50 km     | 0 km   |
| [57] polyolefinen o.a. leidingen, folies | 0%                              | 10%      | 85%          | 5%        | 0%     |
| [64] pvc, leidingen                      | 0%                              | 10%      | 20%          | 70%       | 0%     |

### SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION (PART 4)

#### Use Stage (B1-B7)

This life cycle stage details impacts related to the use phase over the entire life cycle.

There are no impacts associated with the entire use stage, as it was assumed that no activities for maintenance, repair, replacement, refurbishment nor other material and energy flows take place during the operational phase.

#### End of Life Stage (C1-C4)

The end of life stage accounts for the deconstruction/demolition and includes the impacts of transport to waste processing sites and the disposal of said waste. The deconstruction/demolition of waste product is done by the excavation of the subsoil. It is assumed that 0.03 m<sup>3</sup> of soil must be moved per declared unit. The distribution ratio for waste disposal follows the "geotextiel en geogrids grondwerken" (ENG: geotextiles and geogrids for earth works) waste stream. The table below presents the distances and percentages used to calculate the waste processing of the waste product.

| End-of-life stage                     | Not removed (Stays underground) | Landfill | Incineration | Recycling | Re-use |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------|
| Transport to disposal site (C2)       | 0 km                            | 50 km    | 100 km       | 50 km     | 0 km   |
| Waste processing and disposal (C3-C4) | 25%                             | 0%       | 70%          | 5%        | 0%     |

### SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION (PART 5)

#### Benefits and Loads beyond the system boundary (D)

This life cycle stage covers the net benefits and loads arising from the reuse of products or the recycling or recovery of energy from waste materials. This study models the benefits and burdens of waste combustion using an electrical efficiency of 18% and thermal efficiency of 31%. As for the calculation of the avoided burden from material recycling, a quality factor of 67% is used.

| Description       | Total energy recovery (MJ) | Avoided burden (kg) |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Reference product | 13,45                      | 0,031               |

## SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION (PART 6)

The following ranges are covered in this EPD: FABRINET drainage geocomposite single-sided. The results are presented for FABRINET BP 60 1200 as the reference product, however the variance between the reference product and other products within the group is larger than the allotted percentage variance. For this reason, the reference product is selected as the worst case.

## DECLARATION OF SVHC

None of the substances contained in the product are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation", or they do not exceed the threshold with the European Chemicals Agency.

## REFERENCES

- [1] 'ISO 14040: Environmental management - Life cycle assessment – Principles and Framework', International Organization for Standardization, ISO14040:2006.
- [2] 'ISO 14044: Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines', International Organization for Standardization, ISO14044:2006.
- [3] 'ISO 14025: Environmental labels and declarations -- Type III environmental declarations -- Principles and procedures', International Organization for Standardization, ISO14025:2006.
- [4] 'NEN-EN 15804: Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products', NEN-EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.
- [5] 'Bepalingsmethode Milieuprestatie Bouwwerken ', Stichting Nationale Milieudatabase, versie 1.1, maart 2022.

## REMARKS

None