Environmental Product Declaration according to ISO 14025 and EN 15804



This declaration is for:

SikaMembran Outdoor, SikaMembran Strong

Provided by: Sika Services AG





program operator
Stichting MRPI®
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COMPANY INFORMATION



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MRPI® REGISTRATION



PRODUCT

SikaMembran Outdoor, SikaMembran Strong



DECLARED UNIT/FUNCTIONAL UNIT

1 m² EPDM vapor control layer / waterproofing membrane system for facades



DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

EPDM vapor control layer / waterproofing membrane system for facades



VISUAL PRODUCT





MORE INFORMATION

www.ccm-europe.com



EXPIRY DATE

DATE OF ISSUE

1.1.00395.2023

08-08-2028

08-08-2023



SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by Harry van Ewijk, SGS Search.

The LCA study has been done by Bertram Zantinge, NIBE.

The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025 and EN15804+A2. It is verified according to the 'MRPI®-EPD verification protocol November 2020.v4.0'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN15804+A2. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.



PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI® Kingsfordweg 151 1043GR Amsterdam



ir. J-P den Hollander, Managing director MRPI®

DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION

CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR[a]

Independent verification of the declaration and data,

internal:

according to EN ISO 14025:2010:

Third party verifier:

external: X

Harry van Ewijk, SGS Search

[a] PCR = Product Category Rules







DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Base materials / Ancillary materials

EPDM waterproofing membrane for facade applications. CE mark according to EN 13984. Standard rolls of 1,4 x 20 m and smaller. The product can be supplied in two versions:

SikaMembran Outdoor is a 0,6 mm thick product with a mass of (0,6 x 1,36=) 0,82 kg/m².

SikaMembran Strong is a 1,2 mm thick product with a mass of (1,2 x 1,36=) 1,63 kg/m²

In this LCA a 0,6mm thick SikaMembran Outdoor is considered. From the results of this study the impact of the 1,2mm thick SikaMembran Strong can be calculated by multiplying all results by two.

Manufacture

The whole production process takes place at Kampen-NL. The mixing of the raw materials is followed by shaping the uncured mixture into a sheet material. In the next step, by heat treatment, the EPDM mixture will be vulcanized. After vulcanization the product will be cut into the required sizes or through hot bonding seam process formed into bigger prefab sheets.

Product processing/Installation

The EPDM membrane is placed by partial bonding with a PU sealant (on average 70 g/m² is required depending on the type and location of the building). The sealants and the application proces are not part of this LCA.

Packaging

Rolls of EPDM membrane are packed and placed onto a pallet.

Reference service life

40 years conform 'Levensduur van bouwproducten' (SBR, 2011).

Use stage

There is no maintenance or repairs needed during the use stage.



COMPONENT > 1% of total mass	[%]
EPDM membrane	100%









SCOPE AND TYPE

The product specific EPD for SikaMembran Outdoor / SikaMembran Strong is a Cradle-to-Gate with options EPD. The product is produced in the Netherlands. The modules A4, A5, B1-B7 and C1 are not considered. The scenario for end-of-life follows the default scenario's as described in the NMD Determination Method for the Dutch market. The softwares Simapro 9.1 and NIBE's R<THINK application are used to perform the LCA. The Ecoinvent 3.6 database was used. The validity of this EPD is in correspondence with the specifications of the LCA project report. The target groups of this LCA study are users of EPD's (business to business) in accordance with the EN15804:2012+A2:2019. The LCA is intended for publication at MRPI and EcoPlatform.

The input data are representative for SikaMembran Outdoor, SikaMembran Strong, a product of Sika Services AG. The data are representative for production in the Netherlands for the European market.

PROD	UCT ST	AGE	CONSTRUCTION			US	SE ST	ΓAGE			Е	END OF LIFE			BENEFITS AND	
		PROCESS										STA	GE		LOADS BEYOND THE	
			ST.	AGE												SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport gate to site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A 5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
х	х	х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	х	х	х	х

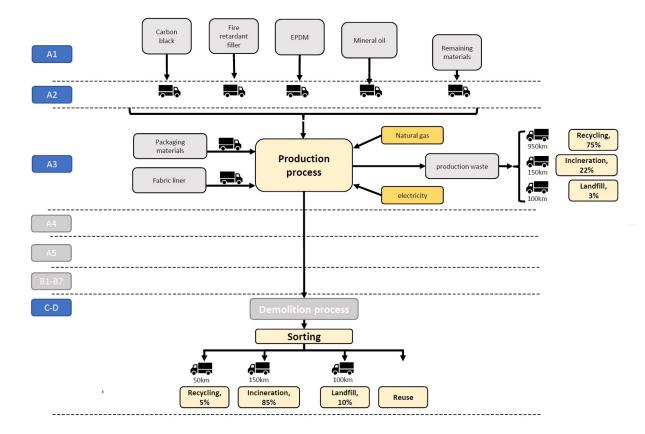
X = Modules Assessed

ND = Not Declared









LCA process diagram according to EN 15804 (7.2.1)



REPRESENTATIVENESS

Data collection period

Production data concerning the material composition are collected in 2020-2021 and relate to the year 2019. The amounts of electricity and gas use for production are based on consumption data in the year 2019.







ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (core indicators A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO2 eq.	1.43	2.52	2.09	1.67	0.00	1.55	2.21	1.22	-3.38
GWF-total	kg CO2 eq.	E+0	E-2	E-1	E+0	E+0	E-2	E+0	E-2	E-1
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	1.45	2.52	2.27	1.70	0.00	1.55	2.21	1.22	-3.38
OWI -1033II	kg CO2 eq.	E+0	E-2	E-1	E+0	E+0	E-2	E+0	E-2	E-1
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	-4.43	1.16	-1.81	-6.25	0.00	7.15	1.15	9.37	1.74
GVVF-blogefile	kg CO2 eq.	E-2	E-5	E-2	E-2	E+0	E-6	E-4	E-6	E-4
GWP-luluc	kg CO2 eq.	3.00	9.22	4.60	3.04	0.00	5.68	1.86	4.30	-3.64
GVVF-Iuluc	kg CO2 eq.	E-2	E-6	E-4	E-2	E+0	E-6	E-5	E-7	E-5
ODP	kg CFC11 eq.	3.71	5.56	1.56	3.93	0.00	3.42	5.84	2.69	-3.83
ODF	kg Cr C r r eq.	E-7	E-9	E-8	E-7	E+0	E-9	E-9	E-10	E-8
AP	mol H+ eq.	7.11	1.46	6.53	7.91	0.00	8.98	3.66	7.58	-4.60
AF		E-3	E-4	E-4	E-3	E+0	E-5	E-4	E-6	E-4
EP-freshwater	kg PO4 eq.	4.51	2.54	1.14	5.68	0.00	1.56	7.15	1.56	-1.34
LF-ilesiiwatei		E-5	E-7	E-5	E-5	E+0	E-7	E-7	E-8	E-6
EP-marine	kg N eq.	1.18	5.14	1.71	1.40	0.00	3.17	1.34	4.59	-1.13
LF-maine	kg iv eq.	E-3	E-5	E-4	E-3	E+0	E-5	E-4	E-6	E-4
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	1.17	5.67	1.52	1.38	0.00	3.49	1.48	2.79	-1.29
LF-leffestifal	morn eq.	E-2	E-4	E-3	E-2	E+0	E-4	E-3	E-5	E-3
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	4.74	1.62	3.81	5.28	0.00	9.96	3.72	1.07	-4.62
FOOF	kg NWVOC eq.	E-3	E-4	E-4	E-3	E+0	E-5	E-4	E-5	E-4
ADP-minerals & metals	kg Sb eq.	2.88	6.38	1.08	2.89	0.00	3.92	5.18	9.30	-5.83
ADF-IIIIIEI ais & IIIEI ais	ky ob eq.	E-4	E-7	E-6	E-4	E+0	E-7	E-7	E-9	E-7
ADP-fossil	MJ, net calorific	3.81	3.80	3.12	4.16	0.00	2.34	4.56	2.06	-6.67
ADE-1099II	value	E+1	E-1	E+0	E+1	E+0	E-1	E-1	E-2	E+0
WDP	m3 world eq.	6.17	1.36	7.57	6.94	0.00	8.36	2.87	8.81	-6.48
VVDP	deprived	E-1	E-3	E-2	E-1	E+0	E-4	E-2	E-4	E-2

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels

GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic

GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer

AP = Acidification Potential, Accumulated Exceedence

EP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

EP-marine = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Exceedence

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants

ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non fossil resources [2]

ADP-fossil = Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential [2]

WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption [2]

Disclaimer [2]

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.







ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit (additional indicators A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	Disease incidence	9.18	2.26	3.94	9.80	0.00	1.39	2.32	1.43	-2.74
FIVI	Disease incluence	E-8	E-9	E-9	E-8	E+0	E-9	E-9	E-10	E-9
IRP	kDa U225 oa	1.39	1.59	4.52	1.45	0.00	9.79	1.28	8.05	-2.87
IKF	kBq U235 eq.	E-1	E-3	E-3	E-1	E+0	E-4	E-3	E-5	E-3
ETP-fw	CTUe	2.74	3.39	2.44	3.02	0.00	2.08	3.77	2.19	-8.92
E I F-IW	Croe	E+1	E-1	E+0	E+1	E+0	E-1	E+0	E-2	E-1
HTP-c	CTUh	6.74	1.10	5.64	7.42	0.00	6.76	3.88	5.74	-3.58
HIF-C	CTOII	E-10	E-11	E-11	E-10	E+0	E-12	E-11	E-13	E-11
HTP-nc	CTUh	2.07	3.70	1.59	2.27	0.00	2.28	1.73	1.42	-7.19
HIP-NC	Cron	E-8	E-10	E-9	E-8	E+0	E-10	E-9	E-11	E-10
SOB		9.58	3.29	1.49	1.14	0.00	2.03	2.40	4.86	-1.40
SQP		E+0	E-1	E+0	E+1	E+0	E-1	E-1	E-2	E+0

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions

IRP = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 [1]

ETP-fw = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems [2]

HTP-c = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans [2]

HTP-nc = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, non-cancer [2]

SQP = Potential soil quality index [2]

Disclaimer [1]

- This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer [2]

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.







RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit (A1 / A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	2.09	4.75	1.55	2.25	0.00	2.92	2.26	3.64	-2.91
PERE	IVIJ	E+0	E-3	E-1	E+0	E+0	E-3	E-2	E-4	E-1
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	2.75	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-1.38
PERIVI	IVIJ	E+0	E+0	E-1	E-1	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E-2
PERT	MJ	2.09	4.75	4.31	2.52	0.00	2.92	2.26	3.64	-3.05
PERI	IVIJ	E+0	E-3	E-1	E+0	E+0	E-3	E-2	E-4	E-1
PENRE	MJ	3.27	4.03	3.35	3.64	0.00	2.48	4.91	2.19	-6.29
PENKE	IVIJ	E+1	E-1	E+0	E+1	E+0	E-1	E-1	E-2	E+0
PENRM	NA I	7.92	0.00	1.67	8.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-1.03
PENRIVI	MJ	E+0	E+0	E-1	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
PENRT	MJ	4.06	4.03	3.51	4.45	0.00	2.48	4.91	2.19	-7.32
PENKI	IVIJ	E+1	E-1	E+0	E+1	E+0	E-1	E-1	E-2	E+0
SM	lea.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SIVI	kg	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kor	IVIJ	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
INKSF	IVIJ	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
FW	m2	1.91	4.62	2.66	2.18	0.00	2.85	2.91	2.15	-9.42
FVV	m3	E-2	E-5	E-3	E-2	E+0	E-5	E-3	E-5	E-4

PERE = Use of renewable energy excluding renewable primary energy resources

PERM = Use of renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources

SM = Use of secondary materials

RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels

NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels

FW = Use of net fresh water

OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit (A1 / A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
HWD	ka	1.97	9.62	2.80	2.35	0.00	5.92	2.05	3.13	-6.24
TIVE	kg	E-5	E-7	E-6	E-5	E+0	E-7	E-6	E-8	E-6
NHWD	ka	9.00	2.41	9.99	1.24	0.00	1.48	5.87	8.22	-4.11
NIIVO	kg	E-2	E-2	E-3	E-1	E+0	E-2	E-2	E-2	E-3
RWD	ka	1.86	2.49	4.66	1.93	0.00	1.53	1.58	1.22	-3.49
RWD	kg	E-4	E-6	E-6	E-4	E+0	E-6	E-6	E-7	E-6
CRU	ODII In	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CRU	kg	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
MFR	ka	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.10	0.00	0.00
IVIFR	kg	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E-2	E+0	E+0
MER	ka	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IVIER	kg	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26
EEE	IVIJ	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
ETE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.17
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	IVIJ	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed

RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed

MFR = Materials for recycling

EEE = Exported Electrical Energy

NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed

CRU = Components for reuse

MER = Materials for energy recovery

ETE = Exported Thermal Energy









BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT per functional unit or declared unit (A1 / A2)

	UNIT	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
BCCpr	DOO:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ВССРІ	kg C	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0
PCCno.	BCCpa kg C	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
БССра		E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0	E+0

BCCpr = Biogenic carbon content in product BCCpa = Biogenic carbon content in packaging



CALCULATION RULES

Cut-off criteria

There is no cut-off of inputs and outputs in any of the processes during the life cycle stage, unit processes of each declared life cycle stage are considered.

Allocation

The energy use per kilogram product is determined by allocating the total energy use of 2019 to the total amount of produced products in kilogram.

In this LCA study the following is included:

Product stage(A1-A3)

The production stage consists of the extraction of raw materials, transportation of the raw materials, processing the raw materials into materials and the production of the product. The required energy for production, external treatments, ancillary materials, packaging material and production emissions are included.

Construction process stage (A4-A5)

The construction stage (A4 and A5) is not considered.

Use stage (B1-B7)

The use stage (A4 and A5) is not considered.

End of life stage (C1-C4)

When the end of the life stage of the building is reached, the de-construction/demolition begins. This EPD includes de-construction/demolition (C1), the necessary transport (C2) from the demolition site to the sorting location and distance to final disposal. The end of life stage includes the final disposal to landfill (C4), incineration (C3) and needed recycling processes up to the end-of-waste point (C3). Loads and benefits of recycling, re-use and exported energy are part of module D. The default end-of-life scenarios of the annex (november 2020) to the NMD Determination method v1.0 have been used for the various materials in the product.

Benefits and Loads beyond the system boundary (D)

This stage contains the potential loads and benefits of recycling and re-use of raw materials/products. The loads contain the needed recycling processes from end-of-waste-point up to the point-of-equivalence of the substituted primary raw material and a load for secondary material that will be lost at the end-of-life stage. The loads and benefits of recycling and reuse are included in







this module. The benefits are calculated based on the primary content and the primary equivalent. In addition, the benefits of energy recovery are granted at this stage. The amount of avoided energy is based on the Lower Heating Values of the materials and the efficiencies of the incinerators as mentioned in the NMD Determination method v1.0 or EcoInvent 3.6 (2019).

Data quality

The data quality is decribed below by theme:

Geographical coverage

The input data is representative for SikaMembran Outdoor, SikaMembran Strong of Sika Services AG. The data are representative for production in the Netherlands for the European market.

Time period covered

Production data concerning the material composition are collected in the period 2020-2021 and relate to the year 2019. The amounts of electricity and gas use for production are based on consumption data in the year 2019.

Technology coverage

The (current) technology for the production of raw materials in the year 2019 is used.

Attention was paid to the accuracy, completeness, representativeness, consistency and reproducibility of the data, as follows:

Precision

Production Data are collected from financial statements, calculations, measurements and estimates. The collected data has sufficient accuracy for true outcomes.

Completeness

The aim was to obtain complete data of materials, transportation, energy, emissions and waste. All relevant environmental interventions are included in the inventory.

Representativeness

The representativeness of the data is good, because they are based on the processes that occur in one factory. The origin of the materials is properly inventoried. The input data are representative for the actually produced roofing membrane.

Consistency

By using Ecoinvent v3.6 as a basis, the consistency is guaranteed.

Reproducability

The values on which this LCA is performed, can be found in this report and the corresponding project file. The way on which the data are collected and where the information is based on, is included. As a result, the preformed LCA is reproducable.









SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

End-of-life stage (C2-C4)

At the end-of-life stage scenarios are used for waste processing. The scenarios on which the LCA is based are outlined in more detail below.

Name	Value	Unit
Transport distance for recycling (module C2)	50	km
Transport distance for landfill (module C2)	100	km
Transport distance for incineration (module C2)	150	km
Recycling	5	%
Landfill	10	%
Incineration	85	%



The product does not contain SVHC

REFERENCES

ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework; EN ISO 14040:2006;

ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines; EN ISO 14040:2006;

ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures;

EN 15804+A1: 2013: Sustainability of construction works – Environmental Product Declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products;

EN 15804+A2: 2019: Sustainability of construction works – Environmental Product Declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products;

NMD-Toetsingsprotocol Opname data in de Nationale Milieudatabase, Op basis van de Bepalingsmethode Milieuprestatie Bouwwerken Versie 1.0 (juli 2020);

NMD Determination method Environmental performance Construction works v1.0 July 2020, foundation NMD



REMARKS

None

