





COMPANY INFORMATION

kvadrat shade

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MRPI® REGISTRATION 1.1.00140.2020

EPD REGISTRATION 00001305

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SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by **Pieter Stadhouders, Ecoreview.** The LCA study has been done by **Pien van den Heuvel, NIBE.**

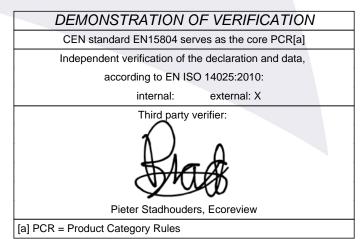
The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025 and NEN-EN15804+A1. It is verified according to the 'EPD-MRPI® verification protocol May 2017.v3.1'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with NEN-EN15804+A1. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.



PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI® Kingsfordweg 151 1043GR Amsterdam

ir. J-P den Hollander, Managing director MRPI®





PRODUCT

DECLARED UNIT/FUNCTIONAL UNIT m²

DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

Fabrics for roller blinds applied to the inside of a window, with a technical life time of 15 years. The textile meets multiple fire resistance standards. Attached materials are excluded.

VISUAL PRODUCT



MORE INFORMATION https://kvadratshop.com/en/shade/products/texti les/1331-gonzen





DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Sabinyo textile is a roller blind fabric. The aim of the complete blind system is to control light and provide acoustic and thermal comfort. The product is made out of polyester that has been treated with a finish. The Sabinyo textile offers acoustic performance with an alpha-s value of 0.40 as well as a high degree of control over sunlight. The textile has a lightfastness of 7 according to ISO 105-b02 and a glare control rating of 1 out of 4. The visual light transmission, solar reflection and absorption are dependent on the chosen color. In addition, the textile has a 0.5% openness factor, 20% GTOT/SHGC and a U-value of 0.95. Furthermore, the textile has passed multiple flame retardancy tests; BS 5867 part 2 type B, DIN 4102 B1, EN 13 773 class 1, IMO FTP Code 2010 Part 7, NF P 92 507 M1, and NFPA 701. The textile has a width of 300 cm, weighs 155 g/m², and has an estimated reference service life of 15 years.

Production process

Raw cloths made of 100% polyester are purchased ready to use. The raw cloths are treated in the factory with dyes and different washing/finishing auxiliaries. The first step of the process is the washing of the raw cloth in order to degrease the fabric. Washing auxiliaries are diluted with water, with a 1:10 ratio. The raw cloth passes through the bath on rollers, continuously moving through the bath. After the raw cloth is washed it is dyed in the desired color. After the dyeing process a finish is applied to the fabric. In the diagram on the following page the processes that occur in the factory are depicted in the white boxes. There are four finish possibilities, not all of them are applied on every textile. For the Sabinyo fabric the stiffening finishing process is applied. The stiffening will ensure that the fabric will hang more straight once assembled and won't crease. The stiffening finish is a thin and clear finish, which is applied to make the fabric less flexible and less scratch sensitive. For most of the part, the energy use can be attributed to the dyeing process are related to the burning of gas. After the textiles are treated they are packaged and transported to the location where the system will be assembled.

Polyester resin0.155(*) > 1% of total mass

[kg / %]

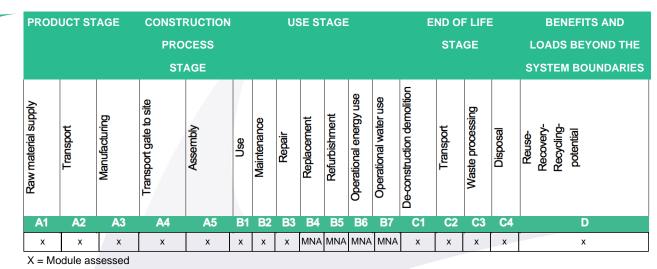
SCOPE AND TYPE

COMPONENT (> 1%)

A specific EPD is made for the Sabinyo fabric, which is produced for Kvadrat Shade. The actual names of the producers are not disclosed by Kvadrat Shade because of the competitively sensitive nature of the information. The methodology complies with the MPRI+ EPD and therefore the SBK Bepalingsmethode Milieuprestatie Gebouwen en GWW-werken" version 3.0. and the underlying standards ISO 14040, ISO 14044 and EN 15804+A1. Used background processes are taken from Ecolnvent v3.4.







MNA = Module not assessed

Production of rough canvases dye Finish	Rough canvases Supplier 1 Supplier 2	A1
		A2
Packaging materials Application of the dye and finishes on the rough canvases	Rough canvases enter the factory. The canvases are washed using different washing auxillaries before they are dyed to degrease the fabric. The canvases are dyed in different colors. Subsequently the cavasses are treated with finishes such as a flame retardant and a finish that ensures that the fabric hangs straight and won't crease. Finally, the canvasses are cut to size.	A3
150 km (Fixed transport distance to project location)		A4
Installation of the window blinds at the project location Attachment materials	Installation window blinds	A5
Maintenance activities	Maintenance	B2
End of life – Demolition, transport to disposal, landfill, incineration and recycling/reuse	Demolition/ waste disposal	C+D

REPRESENTATIVENESS

The representative product consists of a weighted average based on annual production. The data is representative for a range of 7 roller blind fabrics in a variety of different colors. The fabrics are produced in two production sites: Hamminkeln, Germany and Istanbul, Turkey.





	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit														
	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
ADPE	kg Sb-eq.	2.42 E-6	0.00	4.48 E-7	2.87 E-6	7.57 E-11	1.47 E-7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.13 E-9	8.30 E-8	0.00	-3.24 E-10
ADPF	MJ	1.47 E+1	0.00	1.12 E+1	2.59 E+1	4.09 E-4	1.32 E+0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.39 E-2	2.92 E-1	0.00	-7.16 E-1
GWP	kg CO2-eq.	8.14 E-1	0.00	6.74 E-1	1.49 E+0	2.66 E-5	9.32 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.86 E-3	3.71 E-1	0.00	-2.08 E-2
ODP	kg CFC11-eq.	9.14 E-8	0.00	7.67 E-8	1.68 E-7	4.90 E-12	8.56 E-9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.27 E-10	1.03 E-8	0.00	-1.15 E-11
POCP	kg ethene-eq.	3.47 E-3	0.00	4.40 E-4	3.91 E-3	1.57 E-8	1.91 E-4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69 E-6	1.18 E-5	0.00	-2.78 E-5
AP	kg SO2-eq.	2.90 E-3	0.00	8.13 E-4	3.71 E-3	1.15 E-7	1.58 E-4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24 E-5	1.29 E-4	0.00	-6.80 E-5
EP	kg (PO4)3eq.	1.30 E-3	0.00	2.32 E-4	1.53 E-3	2.31 E-8	6.55 E-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.48 E-6	2.20 E-5	0.00	-4.50 E-6
Toxicity ind	licators (Dutch ma	rket)													
HTP	kg DCB-eq.	9.73 E-1	0.00	1.46 E-1	1.12 E+0	1.08 E-5	5.45 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16 E-3	2.35 E-2	0.00	-4.22 E-4
FAETP	kg DCB-eq.	2.53 E-2	0.00	4.48 E-3	2.98 E-2	3.14 E-7	1.48 E-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.37 E-5	1.35 E-3	0.00	-3.07 E-5
MAETP	kg DCB-eq.	1.83 E+1	0.00	6.19 E+0	2.45 E+1	1.12 E-3	1.39 E+0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20 E-1	3.94 E+0	0.00	-5.49 E-2
TETP	kg DCB-eq.	7.86 E-3	0.00	1.69 E-3	9.55 E-3	3.73 E-8	4.55 E-4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.01 E-6	5.86 E-5	0.00	-8.92 E-7
Environme	ntal Cost Indicator	(Dutch	market)												
ECI	Euro	1.60 E-1	0.00	5.00 E-2	2.10 E-1	0.00	1.00 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00 E-2	0.00	0.00

ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources

ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources

GWP = Global Warming Potential

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants

AP = Acidification Potential of land and water

EP = Eutrophication Potential

HTP = Human Toxicity Potential

FAETP = Fresh water aquatic ecotoxicity potential

MAETP = Marine aquatic ecotoxicity potential

TETP = Terrestrial ecotoxicity potential

ECI = Environmental Cost Indicator





	RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit														
	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	1.77 E+0	0.00	1.29 E+0	3.06 E+0	5.60 E-6	-5.02 E-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.02 E-4	2.57 E-2	0.00	-9.60 E-3
PENRE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	1.50 E+1	0.00	1.17 E+1	2.67 E+1	4.38 E-4	1.36 E+0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.70 E-2	2.80 E-1	0.00	-8.08 E-1
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m3	9.69 E-3	0.00	2.04 E-3	1.17 E-2	7.88 E-8	6.42 E-4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.46 E-6	2.83 E-4	0.00	-3.44 E-5

PERE = Use of renewable energy excluding renewable primary energy resources

PERM = Use of renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources

SM = Use of secondary materials

RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels

NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels

FW = Use of net fresh water





	OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit														
	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	3.31 E-5	0.00	2.16 E-5	5.47 E-5	3.02 E-9	1.75 E-6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.25 E-7	1.93 E-6	0.00	-4.68 E-9
NHWD	kg	5.94 E-2	0.00	2.15 E-2	8.09 E-2	2.52 E-5	1.03 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.70 E-3	8.45 E-3	0.00	-2.48 E-4
RWD	kg	2.32 E-5	0.00	9.24 E-6	3.244 E-5	2.77 E-9	1.66 E-6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98 E-7	9.38 E-7	0.00	-2.68 E-9
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.47 E-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06 E-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ETE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.82 E-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed

NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed

RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed

CRU = Components for reuse

MFR = Materials for recycling

MER = Materials for energy recovery

EEE = Exported Electrical Energy

ETE = Exported Thermal Energy



CALCULATION RULES

No materials, processes or emissions have been excluded from the study, the LCA is based data for the year 2018. Infrastructure processes as available in the EcoInvent processes are included, longterm emissions have been excluded.



SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

A4: Transport to Regional Distribution Centre and customer. A distance of 1 km is used so that it can be converted to the desired distance.

Transport conveyance	Distance (km)	Weight x distance [TKM]
Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)	1	0

C2: Transport end of life stage



End of life scenario	Transport	To be left	Landfill	Incineratio	Recycling	Reuse
	type	[km]	[km]	n [km]	[km]	[km]
Wood 'clean', via residue	Lorry*	0	100	150	50	0
Finishes (adhered to wood, plastic, metal)	Lorry*	0	100	150	50	0
Plastics, other (i.a. profiles, sheets, pipes)	Lorry*	0	100	150	50	0

* = Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default)





C3: Waste processing

End of life scenario	Region	To be left	Landfill	Incineratio	Recycling	Reuse [%]	
	Region	[%]	[%]	n [%]	[%]	Reuse [%]	
Wood 'clean', via residue	NL	0	10	85	5	0	
Finishes (adhered to wood, plastic, metal)	NL	0	0	100	0	0	
Plastics, other (i.a. profiles, sheets, pipes)	NL	0	0	90	10	0	



DECLARATION OF SVHC

None of the substances contained in the product are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorizaton", or they do not exceed the threshold wit the European Chemicals Agency.



REFERENCES

SBK Bepalingsmethode Milieuprestatie Gebouwen en GWW-werken" version 3.0. ISO 14040, ISO 14044 and EN 15804+A1.



REMARKS

None