

**Environmental
Product
Declaration**

according to ISO 14025 and EN 15804



This declaration is for:
**X-LAM (Cross laminated timber) |
Norwegian market**

Provided by:
W. u. J. Derix GmbH & Co.

DERIX



program operator
Stichting MRPI®
publisher
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www.mrpi.nl

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COMPANY INFORMATION

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MRPI® REGISTRATION

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SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by **Anne-Kees Jeeninga, Advieslab VOF**.

The LCA study has been done by **Gert Jan van Beijnum, NIBE**.

The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025 and NEN-EN15804+A1. It is verified according to the 'EPD-MRPI® verification protocol May 2017.v3.1'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with NEN-EN15804+A1. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.

PROGRAM OPERATOR

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Amsterdam



ir. J-P den Hollander, Managing director MRPI®

PRODUCT

X-LAM (Cross laminated timber) | Norwegian market

DECLARED UNIT/FUNCTIONAL UNIT

1 m³ cross-laminated timber (X-LAM)

DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

One cubic meter X-LAM suitable as constructive floor, roof and wall elements

VISUAL PRODUCT



MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.derix.de/en/produkte/x-lam-brettspeerrholz/>

EXPIRED = 1.1.00281.2022

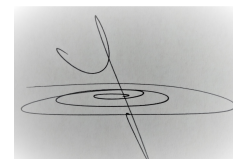
DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION

CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR[a]

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025:2010:

internal: external: X

Third party verifier:



Anne-Kees Jeeninga, Advieslab v.o.f.

[a] PCR = Product Category Rules

DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The manufacture of X-LAM involves drying coniferous timber boards to less than 15% moisture, followed by pre-planing and strength sorting visually and/or mechanically. Board sections identified as having strength-reduced areas are removed depending on the requisite strength class and the remaining board sections joined by finger-jointing connections to form lamellas of potentially infinite length. During the subsequent pre-planing process, the lamellas are planed on four sides to lengths ranging from 17 mm to 45 mm. In the last step the boards are glued crosswise in the press bed. After pressing and hardening, the panel is planed, bevelled, bound and packed.

Board dimensions

Length: 6.00 – 17.80 m

Width: up to 3.50 m

Thickness: up to 400 mm

Timber species / Strength classes

Spruce: C24

Moisture content: 10 % ± 2 %

Moulded density: approx. 470 kg/m³

(other timber species and strength classes on request)

Gluing – Adhesive based on melamine resin

Adhesive type 1 to EN 301, approved for gluing load-bearing timber components for interiors and exteriors, weather-resistant (emission class E1)

Reference Service Life

The reference service life of X-LAM is in line with the service life of the building when correctly designed and used as designated. Therefore a RSL of 60 years is assumed in this LCA equal to the reference study period of 60 years for the buildings as prescribed in Norway.

Cutting and Processing

with 5-axis CNC portal machine to customer specifications

Computed burn rate

0.65 mm / minute

Biogenic carbon

Biogenic carbon storage during lifetime of product, calculated following EN 16449

470 kg/m³ MC 12%

413.6 kg/m³ MC 0%

C content 50%, mol weight CO₂ 3,67

Results in 759 kg CO₂ stored per m³ of Glulam / X-LAM (<http://www.opslagco2inhout.nl/en/motivatie>)

Hazardous substances

The product does not contain any substance from the REACH candidates list.

COMPONENT (> 1%)	[kg / %]
Coniferous Wood (PEFC Spruce)	99%
Melamine Urea formaldehyde	1%

(*) > 1% of total mass

SCOPE AND TYPE

The product specific EPD for X-LAM is an Cradle-to-Gate with options EPD. X-LAM is manufactured in North Rhine-Westphalia, Germany. The scenarios for A4 and end-of-life are applicable for the Norwegian market and follow the in addition to the MRPI protocol the EPD Norge PCR Part A and B. The softwares Simapro 9.0.0 and NIBE EPD application are used to perform the LCA. The Ecoinvent 3.5 database was used. The validity of this EPD is in correspondence with the specifications of the LCA project report.

Product stage (A1-A3)

The production phase consists of the extraction of raw materials, transportation of the raw materials, processing the raw materials into the final product and the required energy for production. Packaging materials are included. Anchoring, ancillary materials, preservation treatments and other top layers, varnish are not included

Construction process stage (A4-A5)

This stage consists the transport of the product from production plant in North Rhine-Westphalia to a construction site in Oslo. It also includes the loss of material during construction (3% assumed). The additional required production, transport and end-of-life of the lost material during construction is included. The installation at the construction site with an electric crane is included as well.

Use stage (B1-B3)

No planned maintenance for technical performance is needed, aesthetic maintenance in the form of lacquer, paint, etc. is not included.

End of life stage (C1-C4)

When the end of the life stage of the building is reached, the de-construction/demolition begins. This EPD includes the necessary transport (C2) from the demolition site to the sorting location and distance to final disposal. The end of life stage includes the final disposal to landfill (C4), incineration (C3) and needed recycling processes up to the end-of-waste point (C3). Loads and benefits of recycling, re-use and exported energy are part of module D. Module C1 is not considered.

Supplementary information outside the building life cycle (D)

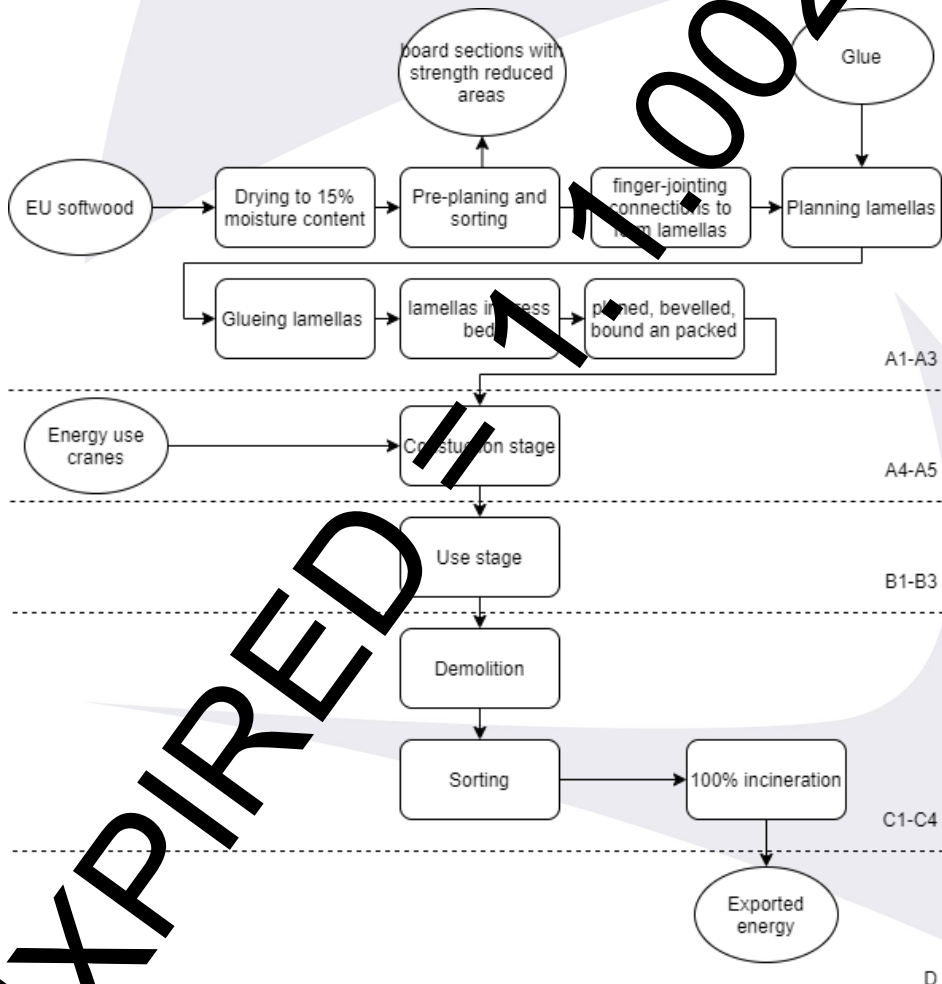
The environmental benefits of exported energy by incineration are granted at this stage. The amount of avoided energy is based on the Lower Heating Values of the materials.

EXPIRED = 1.1.00135.2020 X-LAM 2022

PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTRUCTION					USE STAGE					END OF LIFE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES		
	PROCESS										STAGE						
	STAGE																
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport gate to site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse/Recycle	Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	x	x	x	x	

X = Module assessed

MNA = Module not assessed



REPRESENTATIVENESS

The input data are representative for X-LAM (Cross laminated timber) a product of Derix. The data are representative for the Norwegian market.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	C2	C3	C4	C5
ADPE	kg Sb-eq.	3.43 E-4	1.48 E-5	1.22 E-4	4.80 E-4	1.93 E-4	3.09 E-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51 E-5	8.97 E-6	0.00	-2.18 E-5
ADPF	MJ	1.94 E+3	1.26 E+2	6.59 E+1	2.13 E+3	1.06 E+3	7.74 E+1	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.27 E+1	4.02 E+1	0.00	-3.19 E+3
GWP	kg CO2-eq.	-6.42 E+2	7.59 E+0	3.64 E+0	-6.31 E+2	6.88 E+1	8.88 E+0	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.31 E+0	1.86 E-2	0.00	-1.79 E+2
ODP	kg CFC11-eq.	1.66 E-5	1.52 E-6	3.11 E-7	1.85 E-5	1.27 E-5	9.36 E-7	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.92 E-7	4.16 E-7	0.00	-2.21 E-5
POCP	kg ethene-eq.	1.95 E-1	4.81 E-3	1.46 E-2	2.15 E-1	4.11 E-2	8.78 E-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.15 E-3	1.92 E-2	0.00	-2.69 E-2
AP	kg SO2-eq.	9.74 E-1	2.01 E-2	8.42 E-2	1.08 E+0	3.13 E-1	8.68 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.30 E-2	1.01 E-1	0.00	-1.32 E-1
EP	kg (PO4)3--eq.	2.43 E-1	3.30 E-3	1.93 E-2	2.66 E-1	6.06 E-2	2.01 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.64 E-3	2.64 E-2	0.00	-1.91 E-2

ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources
 ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources
 GWP = Global Warming Potential
 ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer
 POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants
 AP = Acidification Potential of land and water
 EP = Eutrophication Potential

EXPIRED = 1.1.002021

RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	C2	C3	C4	
PERE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	2.99 E+4	1.34 E+0	1.39 E+3	3.13 E+4	1.46 E+1	9.72 E+2	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.69 E-1	0.62 E+0	0.00	-1.26 E+3
PENRE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	2.52 E+3	1.35 E+2	9.06 E+1	2.75 E+3	1.13 E+3	9.78 E+1	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.82 E+1	4.96 E+1	0.00	-3.41 E+3
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m3	1.73 E+0	2.33 E-2	1.25 E-1	1.88 E+0	2.03 E-1	8.28 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.41 E-2	5.07 E-1	0.00	-9.24 E-2

PERE = Use of renewable energy excluding renewable primary energy resources
 PERM = Use of renewable energy resources used as raw materials
 PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources
 PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials
 PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
 PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources
 SM = Use of secondary materials
 RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels
 NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels
 FW = Use of net fresh water

EXPIRED = 11/00281/2022

OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	C2	C3	C4	
HWD	kg	1.78 E-2	7.34 E-5	1.80 E-3	1.97 E-2	7.81 E-3	8.91 E-4	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.28 E-5	2.76 E-4	0.00	-6.50 E-3
NHWD	kg	3.23 E+1	1.08 E+1	3.55 E+0	4.66 E+1	6.42 E+1	3.93 E+0	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.05 E+0	2.81 E+0	0.00	-8.58 E+0
RWD	kg	1.58 E-2	8.62 E-4	4.55 E-4	1.71 E-2	7.15 E-3	7.70 E-4	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.58 E-4	2.37 E-4	0.00	-2.84 E-3
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.26 E-2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00	3.60 E+1	3.60 E+1	0.00	7.21 E+0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20 E+3
ETE	MJ	0.00	0.00	7.28 E+1	7.28 E+1	0.00	1.24 E+1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.43 E+3

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed
 NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed
 RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed
 CRU = Components for reuse
 MFR = Materials for recycling
 MER = Materials for energy recovery
 EEE = Exported Electrical Energy
 ETE = Exported Thermal Energy

CALCULATION RULES

Cut off criteria

There is no cut-off of inputs and outputs in any of the processes during the life cycle stage, unit processes of each declared life cycle stage are considered.

Data quality and data collection period

Specific data is collected from Derix through a questionnaire. The data collected data is based on the years 2018 for inputs and 2019 for product composition. Generic data are selected from the Ecoinvent 3.5 database.

Allocation

The energy use per cubic meter X-LAM is determined by allocating the total energy use of 2018 to the total amount of produced products in cubic meters.

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SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Construction stage (A4-A5)

At the construction stage scenarios for transportation to the construction site, losses at construction site and installation of the product are included. The scenarios on which the LCA is based are outlined in more detail below.

Name	Value	Unit
Transport to the construction site (Oslo) by Truck	1083	km
Transport to the construction site (Oslo) by freight ship	169	km
Generated waste during construction	3	%
Installation of the product by electric crane	4.51	h

End-of-life stage (C1-C4)

At the end-of-life stage scenarios are used for waste processing. The scenarios on which the LCA is based are outlined in more detail below.

Name	Value	Unit
Transport distance for waste wood (module C2)	8	km
Incineration	100	%
Waste wood for energy recovery	474.8	kg

Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (D)

The assumed scenario for end-of-life is 100% incineration. The exported energy substitutes fuels from average used (fossil) sources, whereby it is alleged that the generated thermal energy substitutes heat by natural gas and electrical energy substitutes the average Norwegian production mix for electricity.

Name	Value	Unit
LHV per kilogram Spruce (n=12%)	13.99	MJ
Electrical efficiency	18.09	%
Thermal efficiency	36.6	%
Exported Energy thermal	1189	MJ
Exported Energy electric	2407	MJ

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DECLARATION OF SVHC

The product does not contain any substance from the REACH candidates list.

REFERENCES

- ISO 14040:2006: Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework; EN ISO 14040:2006
- ISO 14044:2006: Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines; EN ISO 14040:2006
- ISO 14025:2011: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures
- EN 15804+A1 2013: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products
- EN 16485:2014 Round and sawn timber – Environmental Product Declarations – Product category rules for wood and wood-based products for use in construction
- NPCR Part A version 1.0 (2017): Construction products and services
- NPCR 015 version 3.0 (2019): PCR – Part B for wood and wood-based products for use in construction

REMARKS

None

EXPIRED = 1.1.00281.2022