







PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI® Kingsfordweg 151 1043GR Amsterdam

COMPANY INFORMATION

XInternational.

AkzoNobel Stoneygate Lane NE10 0JY Felling, Gateshead United Kingdom

PRODUCT International Interthane 990E (Part A & Part B)

MRPI® REGISTRATION 1.1.00116.2020

EPD REGISTRATION 00001175

DATE OF ISSUE 10-04-2020

EXPIRY DATE 10-04-2025

DECLARED UNIT/FUNCTIONAL UNIT

All impacts are calculated using the declared unit "decoration of 1 m2 of surface"



https://www.international-pc.com/

SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by **ing. Kamiel Jansen, Primum.** The LCA study has been done by **Max Sonnen, Ecomatters.**

The certificate is based on an LCA-dossier according to ISO14025 and NEN-EN15804+A1. It is verified according to the 'EPD-MRPI® verification protocol May 2017.v3.1'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with NEN-EN15804+A1. Declaration of SVHC that are listed on the 'Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation' when content exceeds the limits for registration with ECHA.

VISUAL PRODUCT





DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

Interthane 990E is a two-component solvent borne, high solids acrylic polyurethane topcoat with optimised application properties and superior aesthetics.

MC

MORE INFORMATION https://www.international-pc.com/product/interth

ane-990E

DEMONSTRATION OF VERIFICATION

CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR[a]

Independent verification of the declaration and data,

according to EN ISO 14025:2010:

internal: external: X

(where appropriate[b]) Third party verifier:

WSED

Kamiel Jansen, Primum

[a] Product Category Rules [b] Optional for B-to-B communication, mandatory for B-to-C communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4).





DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

This EPD is representative for the 8 product paints belonging to International Interthane 990E:

- Interthane 990E White;
- Interthane 990E Ultra Light tinted;
- Interthane 990E Light tinted;
- Interthane 990E Deep tinted;
- Interthane 990E Yellow tinted;
- Interthane 990E Light grey;
- Interthane 990E Green;
- Interthane 990E Red.

Typical use

Interthane 990E is ideal for use for new constructions or maintenance in a wide variety of environments for both industrial and commercial projects, from manufacturing and infrastructure to power generation and a wide variety of oil and gas assets.

Application Method

Airless Spray, Air Spray, Brush, Roller.

Production process and conditions of delivery

During paint production, the raw materials are pre-weighed according to the percentage of each in the formulation. The pigment is then dispersed in a mixture of binder using a variety of machines. Finally, the paint undergoes QC (quality control), is filtered and filled into the appropriate packaging container(s). All paint containers are transported from the production sites to a distribution center and finally to the customers.

Pack size

20 litre composite pack (2 part) as standard.

[kg / %]
Confidential
Confidential
Confidential

(*) > 1% of total mass



SCOPE AND TYPE

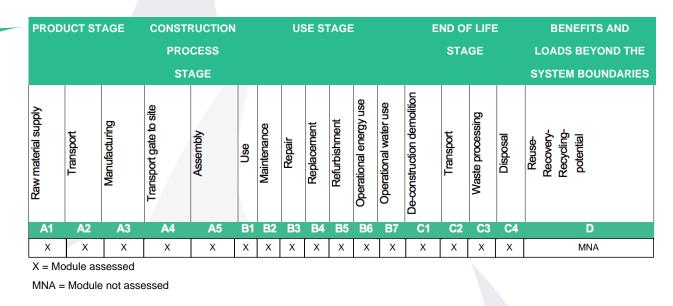
The type of this EPD is Cradle-to-Gate with options. All major steps from the extraction of natural resources to the final disposal of the product are included in the environmental performance of the manufacturing phase, except those that are not relevant to the environmental performance of the product. This declaration does not imply an indicator result of zero. The coating is produced in Sweden, China, USA, Thailand and Korea, and the application market is for customers around the world. Likewise, for the end-of-life, the fate of the coating product is described within a global context.

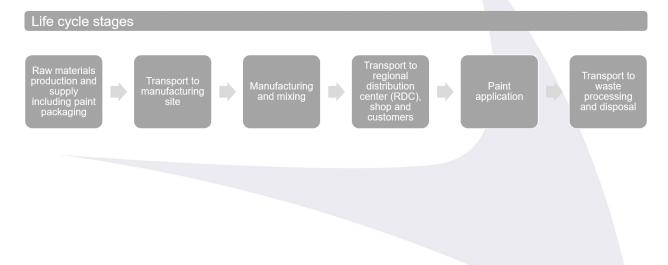




The software GaBi 9.2 Professional is used to perform the LCA. In the model Ecoinvent 3.5 database was used. The validity of this EPD is in correspondence with the specifications of the LCA project report.

All impacts associated with the upstream production of materials and energy are included in the system boundaries. Mining activities and controlled landfills are included in the product systems. Similarly, wastewater treatment activities are also considered within the technological systems. The emissions and resource extractions derived from these processes are considered elementary exchanges between the product systems and the environment.













REPRESENTATIVENESS

The coating is manufactured in different production sites (Sweden, China, USA, Thailand and Korea) and therefore, the following average calculation rule is used: the weighted average of the coating characteristics based on the production volumes per production site of each of the following 6 products is calculated.

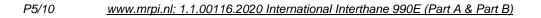
- Interthane 990E White;
- Interthane 990E Ultra Light tinted;
- Interthane 990E Light tinted;
- Interthane 990E Deep tinted;
- Interthane 990E Yellow tinted;
- Interthane 990E Light grey;
- Interthane 990E Green;
- Interthane 990E Red.

The used data is representative for all locations and thus this EPD is considered to be representative for products produced in Sweden, China, USA, Thailand and Korea, which are sold in a global market.



Unit	Quantity
Density (kg/l)	1,418
Coverage (kg/m2)	0.104
Number of Layers	1
Total product used (kg/m2)	0.104

A sensitivity analysis is performed to assess the representativeness of the representative product. The environmental impact results for the individual International Interthane 990E products have a maximum positive difference of 38% when compared with the representative product, within a particular impact category (Acidification Potential for Interthane 990E Ultra Light tinted).







	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT per functional unit or declared unit																			
	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B 3	B4	B5	B 6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
ADPE	kg	1.62	5.99	1.08	1.69	8.37	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.00	5.23	0.00	
	Sb-eq.	E -6	E -8	E -8	E -6	E -8	E -8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -9	0.00	E -8	0.00	
ADPF	MJ	7.19	3.02	3.34	7.83	6.09	4.82		00.00	0 00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.48	0.00	1.87	0.00	
ADIT	IVIJ	E +0	E -1	E -1	E +0	E -1	E -1			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -2	0.00	E +0	0.00	
GWP	kg	3.40	1.97	3.47	3.94	3.85	8.83	0.00	0.00		0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.28	0.00	4.17	0.00
000	CO2-eq.	E -1	E -2	E -2	E -1	E -2	E -2		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -4	0.00	E -1	0.00	
ODP	kg	5.75	3.64	2.34	6.14	7.35	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0 00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	1.80	0.00	4.32	0.00
	CFC11-eq.	E -8	E -9	E -10	E -8	E -9	E -9		0.00	0.00	0.00	0 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -10	0.00	E -9	0.00	
POCP	kg	3.00	7.94	2.79	3.35	1.66	5.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.07	0.00	3.65	0.00
1001	ethene-eq.	E -4	E -6	E -5	E -4	E -5	E -2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -7	0.00	E -4	0.00	
AP	kg	3.06	7.89	7.55	3.21	1.53	1.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.67	0.00	8.34	0.00	
	SO2-eq.	E -3	E -5	E -5	E -3	E -4	E -4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -6	0.00	E -4	0.00	
EP	kg	5.41	2.36	1.34	5.78	4.59	8.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	3.14	0.00	
	(PO4)3eq.	E -4	E -5	E -5	E -4	E -5	E -5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -6	0.00	E -4	0.00	

INA = Indicator Not Assessed

ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources

ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources

GWP = Global Warming Potential

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants

AP = Acidification Potential of land and water

EP = Eutrophication Potential

RESOURCE USE per functional unit or declared unit

	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B 3	B4	B5	B 6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D						
PERE	MJ	3.40	3.02	1.31	3.56	6.12	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00	7.35	0.00						
	1110	E -1	E -3	E -2	E -1	E -3	E -2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -4	0.00	E -2	0.00						
PERM	MJ	1.78	0.00	-2.03	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
	1010	E -4	E-6 E-4 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00												
PERT	MJ	3.40	3.02	1.31	3.56	6.12	2.53	0.00 0.	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00	7.35	0.00						
	1010	E -1	E -3	E -2	E -1	E -3	E -2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -4	0.00	E -2	0.00						
PENRE	MJ	7.67	3.06	3.44	8.32	6.18	5.04	0.00 0.00	0.00.0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00	1.88	0.00
	1010	E +0	E -1	E -1	E +0	E -1	E -1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -2	0.00	E +0	0.00						
PENRM	MJ	1.47	0.00	5.21	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 0.00 0.	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
	1010	E -7	0.00	E -11	E -7	0.00	0.00			0.00 0.0	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00						
PENRT	MJ	7.67	3.06	3.44	8.32	6.18	5.04	0.00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00	1.88	0.00						
	1010	E +0	E -1	E -1	E +0	E -1	E -1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	E -2	0.00	E +0	0.00			
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
_	-																								
FW	m3	9.13	5.44	-1.74	9.13	1.18	9.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98	0.00	2.47	0.00						
		E -2	E -5	E -5	E -2	E -4	E -5						2.00			E -6		E -4							

INA = Indicator Not Assessed

PERE = Use of renewable energy excluding renewable primary energy resources

PERM = Use of renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials

PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources SM = Use of secondary materials

NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels

RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels

FW = Use of net fresh water



1.17 1.17 9.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 E -3 E -3 E -2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

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INA = Indicator Not Assessed HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed MFR = Materials for recycling

EEE = Exported Electrical Energy

CALCULATION RULES

Cut off criteria

There is no cut-off of inputs and outputs in any of the processes during the life cycle stage, hence the environmental impact of all unit processes of each life cycle stage are considered.

Data quality and data collection period

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Specific data was collected from AkzoNobel though a questionnaire, including inquiries about coating characteristics and packaging, logistics data (e.g. transport), production information and end-of-life. The data collection period for specific data was the year 2019.

Data gaps (i.e. transport data for one production site in Thailand) were covered with data generic values for transport as described in the Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints document version 1.0 published by CEPE and reviewed in April 2018 are use. Further data gaps (i.e. end-of-life transport data) were covered with data from internal AkzoNobel LCA studies concerning the same type of products (paints and coatings). Generic data (i.e. upstream acquisition and production of raw materials, energy generation, waste treatment processes) was selected from Ecoinvent 3.5 database. In the case of missing data, a relevant proxy was searched and adjusted to the corresponding unit process.

Allocation procedure

To allocate the emissions and inputs to the manufactured products, the decision-hierarchy in ISO 14044 is used (ISO 2006). It is not possible to sub-divide the site data into a more detailed level or find physical

causalities between inputs and outputs, thus allocation is done based on mass, considering an annual production of coating product for each site. The coating production is basically a process of

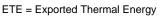
A1-A3 Α5 1.47 1.04 1.47 1.88 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES per functional unit or declared unit

MER = Materials for energy recovery

NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed

CRU = Components for reuse





kg

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kg

MJ

MJ

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HWD

NHWD

RWD

CRU

MFR

MER

EEE

ETE



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mixing ingredients and, therefore, the environmental impact is fairly to be related to the mass of the products.

SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

A1. Raw materials supply

This module considers the extraction and processing of all raw materials and energy which occur upstream to the International Interthane 990E manufacturing process, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state.

A2. Transport of raw materials to manufacturer

This includes the transport distance of the raw materials to the manufacturing facility via road and boat. On average, the transport characteristics for this life cycle stage are the following:

Transport Type	Truck 1	Truck 2	Container ship coast
Distance (km)	11.92	909.86	51.55
Capacity	34-40 t ,60% payload	40-60 t, 60% payload	70% utilization factor
Bulk density of transported products	1418 kg/m3	1418 kg/m3	1418 kg/m3

A3. Manufacturing

This module covers the manufacturing of the International Interthane 990E coating and includes all processes linked to production such as storing, mixing, packing and internal transportation. Use of electricity and fuels in coating production are taken into account as well.

Data regarding coating production was provided for the manufacturing sites where International Interthane 990E coating is produced: Sweden, China, USA, Thailand and Korea. Furthermore, the specific transportation distances and transportation modes for raw materials, coating packaging and transportation to customer were collected from the AkzoNobel logistics department, except for four production sites were generic data is used. Primary data and site-specific data were retrieved. For electricity sources, ecoinvent datasets were used for each of the countries where the production site is located. For upstream (raw material processes) and downstream processes (application, use, and waste processing) generic data is used when no specific data is obtained.

The construction site data includes lighting, heating, offices, etc. The manufacture of production equipment and infrastructure is not included in the system boundary. Packaging-related flows in the production process and all up-stream packaging are included in the manufacturing module. For the end-of-life packing of the coatings a landfill scenario is assumed.

A4. Transport to Regional Distribution Centre and customer

All coating containers are transported from the manufacturing facilities into a distribution centre and then finally, to the customer. On average, the transport characteristics for this life cycle stage are the following:





PARAMETER	Transport from	Transport from	Transport from RDC
	factory to RDC	factory to RDC	to customer
Transport Type	Truck 1	Container ship coast	Truck 2
Distance (km)	2,618.99	369.23	29.75
Capacity	34-40 t ,60% payload	70% utilization factor	40-60t, 60% payload
Bulk density of transported products	1418 kg/m3	1418 kg/m3	1418 kg/m3

A5. Application and use

This module includes the environmental aspects and impacts associated with the application and of the coating. The use of energy from air spray for coating application purposes is included.

PARAMETER	(kWh/ kg)
Energy for application	0.1

C2. Transport to incineration or landfill

This module includes one-way transportation distance of the demolition or sorting site to the dump site.

PARAMETER	Transport to waste processing
Vehicle type	Truck 34t-40t payload average fleet
Distance	100 km
Capacity utilisation	60%
Bulk density of transported products	1418 kg/m3

C3. Waste processing and C4. Disposal

The end of life stage is encompassed in these modules. It is assumed that part of the coating is lost during application and the rest is applied. After its lifetime, it is assumed that the coatings end up in incineration. These assumptions are based on best knowledge of the end of life of coating from direct contact with AkzoNobel.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

The CML-IA methods do not have characterization factors for the "unspecified VOC" emission flow in the Global Warming Potential environmental impact category. However, VOCs are known to have influence in this category. In order to include the impacts of the VOCs and align with current practice of AkzoNobel, it was decided to calculate the VOC impact on Global Warming Potential separately. The Global Warming Potential impact category has been modified, adding a generic factor of 4.23 kgCO2-eq/kg VOC, which is sourced from IPCC 2013 data. This is also in line with Akzo Nobel's current methodology for carbon reporting.



Environmental Impact	UNIT	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C2	C4
Global Warming potential (GWP	[kg	3.40E-1	1.97E-2	3.47E-2	3.85E-2	8.83E-2	9.28E-4	4.17E-1
100 years)	CO2-Eq.]	3.40L-1	1.97 E-2	3.47 E-2				4.17 - 1
Global Warming potential (GWP	[kg	3.40E-1	1.97E-2	3.49E-2	3.85E-2	9.97E-1	9.28E-4	4.17E+0
100 years) incl. VOC char. fact.	CO2-Eq.]	3.40E-1	1.97 - 2					4.17E+0







DECLAR

DECLARATION OF SVHC None of the substances contained in the produ

None of the substances contained in the product are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation", or they do not exceed the threshold with the European Chemicals Agency.

REFERENCES

• EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 Sustainability of construction works. Environmental product declarations. Core rules for the product category of construction products, of 11/2013.

ISO 14040/14044 on Life Cycle Assessments

• Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints version 1.0, 2018. Developed by the Technical Secretariat Decorative Paints of the European Council of the Paint, Printing Ink and Artists' Colours Industry.

• Stephenson A. Personal communication with Adam Stephenson, AkzoNobel Protective Coatings, United Kingdom (2020).

• Thinkstep GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright 1992-2017 ThinkStep AG.

• Ecoinvent 3.5 database (2019).



REMARKS

